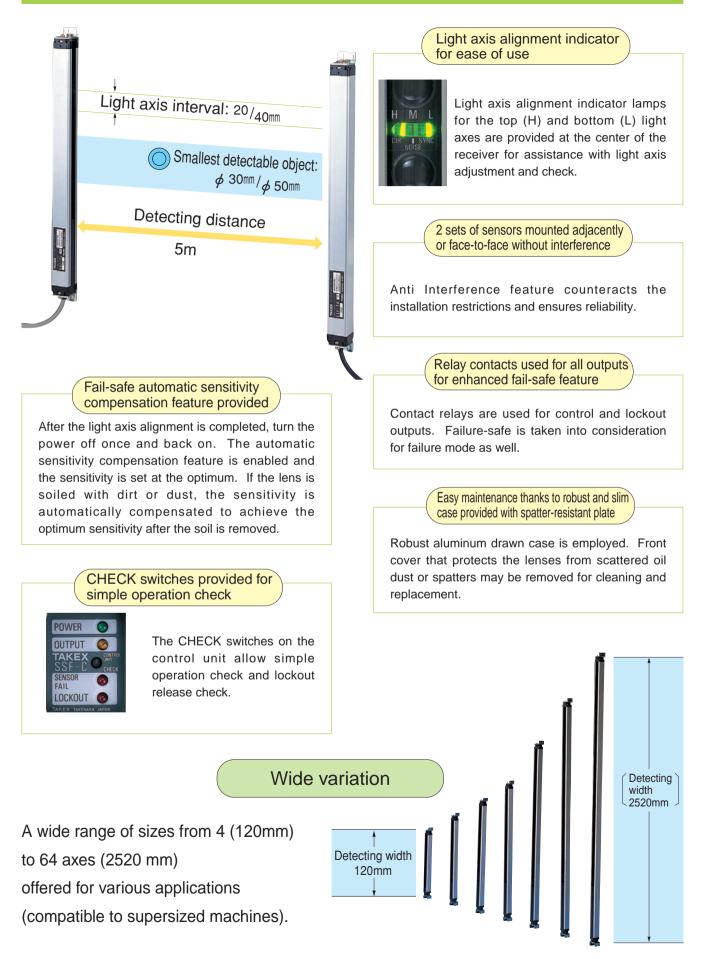
SSFseries	Fail-safe light curtain sensors
Output rolay turns OF	 Safety ensured in the unlikely event of failure
Light emitting Transmitter	F (safe side) when failure occurs
damaged Ligh	tement amaged Light-sensitive element damaged Control unit
	Disconnection
Output circuit broken	Output relay contact welded
	ower supply line broken



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Туре

Series name	Detecting distance	Detecting width	Set model No.	No. of light axes	Light axis interval	Detecting object	
		140mm	SSF-T8C	8			
		300mm	SSF-T16C	16			
		460mm	SSF-T24C	24			
\sim		620mm	SSF-T32C	32	20mm	Opaque object	
SSF-		780mm	SSF-T40C	40	2011111	of <i>ф</i> 30 min	
T200		940mm	SSF-T48C	48			
		1100mm	SSF-T56C	56			
		1260mm	SSF-T64C	64			
	5m	120mm	SSF-T404C	4			
		280mm	SSF-T408C	8			
		440mm	SSF-T412C	12			
\sim		600mm	SSF-T416C	16	40mm	Opaque object	
SSF- T400		760mm	SSF-T420C	20	4011111	of ϕ 50 min	
		920mm	SSF-T424C	24			
		1080mm	SSF-T428C	28			
		1240mm	SSF-T432C	32			

For prices of the individual transmitter, receiver and special control unit, see the Prize List at the end of the book.

Set model description

Transmitter: SSF-TL Receiver: SSF-TR Control unit: SSF-C Cord with connector for transmitter: SS-H5L

Cord with connector for receiver: SS-H5R

Products with countermeasures provided in the event of faulty operation due to spatter or arc light are available (SSF-T400 Series). Transmitter: SSF-TL4 ____ -HP

Receiver: SSF-TR4 🗔 🗋 A-HP
Set model: SSF-T4 🗌 AC-HP

• 2-output type

Products with two 1a contact outputs are available on request.

Optional Parts

- Corner reflector
 - Deflects light at a corner.

Model	Applicable model (*)
SSM-F8N	SSF-T8
SSM-F16N	SSF-T16
SSM-F24N	SSF-T24
SSM-F32N	SSF-T32
SSM-F40N	SSF-T40
SSM-F48N	SSF-T48
SSM-F56N	SSF-T56
SSM-F64N	SSF-T64



(Note) The detecting distance will be reduced to 4m max.

*May also be used for the SSF-T400 Series. Note the number of axes and the overall length of the reflector.

Front cover

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Model: SSF-K \square^* \square indicates the number of axes (unified price for all models).

Rating/Performance/Specification

	S	eries	SSF-T200 series	SSF-T400 series								
	Detecti	on method	Through-beam type									
	Detectir	ng distance	5m max.									
	Detect	ing object	Opaque object of ϕ 30mm min.	Opaque object of ϕ 50mm min.								
	Light a	xis interval	20mm	40mm								
		light axes	(See "Type.")									
		ing width	(000	(Зее туре.)								
Rating/performance		er supply		C ±10%								
rma	Current	consumption		A max.								
erfol		Output		(2 relay outputs in series)								
g/p€	Control	mode	Rating: 250V 3A AC no									
atinç	output		30V 2A DC nor									
Ř		Operation mode		ns of all axes are received								
		Response time		Light reception: 30 ms max.								
		Output	Output: relay contac									
	Lockout	mode	Rating: 250V 1A AC noninductive load									
	output	Or costing and de	30V 1A DC noninductive load									
		Operation mode										
		Response time	Infrared LED (wavelength 880nm)									
	Light source		Photo IC									
	Light-sensitive element			/nchronization failure indicator (Red)								
		Transmitter		ave indicator (Orange)								
			Top light axis alignment indicator (Green)/Disturbing light indi									
	Indicator	Receiver	Operation indicator (Red)/Unstable light reception indicator (C									
-		Control	POWER (Green)	OUTPUT (Yellow)								
tior		unit	. ,) LOCK OUT (Red)								
Specification	Auxiliar	y functions	Anti Sensitivity feature for adjacent install	lation, automatic sensitivity compensation								
pec	S	witch	Control unit: C	CHECK switch								
S	NA	starial	Transmitter/receiver: aluminum / Front cover: acrylic									
	IVIE	aterial	Control unit: polycarbonate									
	Con	noction	Permanently attached cord with connector (ϕ 6.8 4-	core cord of 0.2 m in length for transmitter/receiver)								
	Con	nection	Control unit: terminal blo	ck type with M3.5 screws								
	mass	Sensor	230g max	1000g max.								
	mass	Control unit		max.								
	Acc	essory	Cord with connector (cord length: 5 m)	, mounting brackets, operation manual								

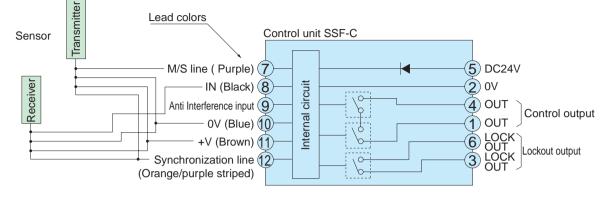
Environmental Specification

Ambient light	9000lx max.
Ambient temperature	-10 - +55 °C (non-freezing)
Ambient humidity	35-85%RH (non-condensing)
Vibration	10-55 Hz / 1.5 mm amplitude / 2 hours each in 3 directions
Protective structure	Sensor: IP65 (except for connector) / Control unit: IP40
Dielectric withstanding	1500 VAC for 1 minute
Insulation resistance	500 VDC, 20 M Ω or higher.

Optional Parts

Cord with connector (10 m) For transmitter: SS-H10L (gray covering) For receiver: SS-H10R (black covering)

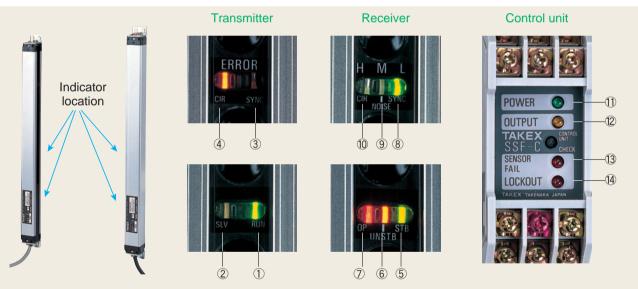
Input/Output Circuit and Connection



(Circled numbers show pin Nos.)

Indicators and Operation

The indicators provided for the transmitter, receiver and control unit and their operation are outlined as follows:



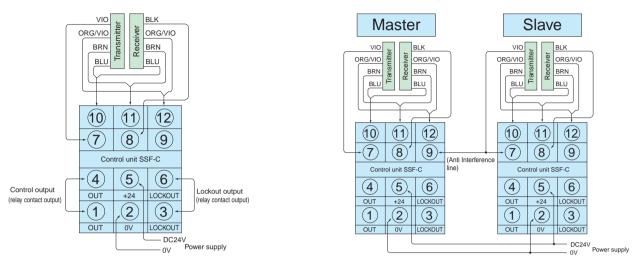
Туре	No.	Indicator name	Color	Normal operation	Failure description and indication			
er	1	RUN indicator	Green	Illuminated	Flashes to indicate transmitter failure			
mitt	2	Slave indicator	Orange	Illuminated to indicate slave	Flashes to indicate abnormal operation of slave			
Transmitter	3	Synchronization failure indicator	Red	Not illuminated	Flashes to indicate broken synchronization line			
Ĕ	4	Circuit failure indicator	Orange	Not illuminated	Flashes to indicate circuit failure			
	(5)	Stable light reception indicator	Green	Illuminated when beams of all axes are stably received				
<u> </u>	6	Unstable light reception indicator		Illuminated when beam of any axis is unstably received	Flashes to indicate receiver failure			
Receiver	\bigcirc	Operation indicator		Illuminated when beam of any axis is received/blocked				
lece	8	Bottom light axis alignment indicator		Illuminated when beam of bottom axis is received	Flashes to indicate broken synchronization line/transmitter failure			
<u>r</u>	9	Disturbing light indicator	Orange	Not illuminated	Illuminated when disturbing light/noise is detected			
	10	Top light axis alignment indicator	Green	Illuminated when beam of top axis is received	Flashes to indicate receiver failure			
t	1	Power indicator	Green	Illuminated when power is supplied	Illuminated when power supply is cut off			
unit	(12)	Control output indicator	Yellow	Illuminated when beam of any axis is unstably received	—			
trol	(13)	Sensor failure indicator	Red	Not illuminated	Illuminated to indicate sensor			
Control	U	Sensor failure Indicator		not murminateu	failure/unconnected/power short circuit			
	14	Lockout output indicator	Red	Not illuminated	Illuminated to indicate lockout output			

Connection Examples

Connection for standalone use

Connection for Anti Interference

Connect as shown below for adjacent installation of two sets of sensors.

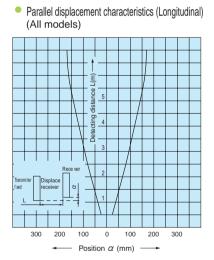


• Be sure to use the same power supply for the master and slave control units.

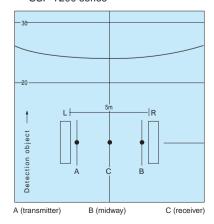
The terms master and slave are only used for convenience in distinguishing between two units of the same model that function differently depending on the wiring. The unit with its Anti Interference line connected to Terminal 9 is referred to as the master.
Do not connect the transmitter and receiver to separate control units.

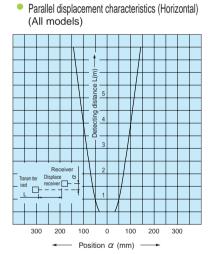
For wiring length, see Cord Extension.

Characteristics (Typical Example)

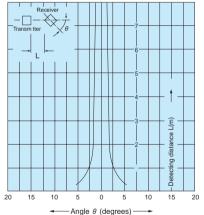


 Smallest detectable object diameter characteristics SSF-T200 series

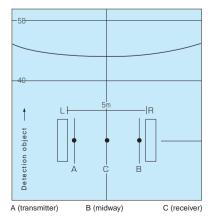




• Operating angle characteristics (All models)



 Smallest detectable object diameter characteristics SSF-T400 series



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Indication/Operation Matrix

The operations of the indicators and outputs of the sensor and control unit are as shown in the table below: 🕒 : Illuminated 🍈 : Flashing 🌑 : Unilluminated 🔺 : Operation depending on situation

_				Sen			Control unit					
Iten	n		Transmitte	er indicator	Rece	iver indicator	Indicator	Control output	Lockout output			
oeration		Stable light reception		SYNC O RUN		NOISE SYNC	 POWER OUTPUT FAIL LOCKOUT 		-0-0-			
Normal operation		Light blocking		SYNC RUN		NOISE SYNC	 POWER OUTPUT FAIL LOCKOUT 	-5 0-	-• •			
		Disturbing light (when detected)		SYNC RUN	CIR OP	NOISE SYNC	 POWER OUTPUT FAIL LOCKOUT 	-0 0-				
		Light emitting element damaged Light-sensitive element damaged		SYNC RUN	CIR OP	NOISE SYNC	 POWER OUTPUT FAIL LOCKOUT 	-0 0- Locked				
		Light emitting circuit damaged	CIR CIR SLV	SYNC Ø RUN	CIR Ø OP	● NOISE SYNC ↓ ↓ UNSTB STB	POWEROUTPUTFAILLOCKOUT	-0 0- Locked	-6-6-			
	Sensor	Light receiving circuit damaged	CIR CIR SLV	SYNC RUN	CIR OP	NOISE SYNC ONSTB STB	POWEROUTPUTFAILLOCKOUT	-0 0- Locked	-0-0-			
		Output circuit damaged Output line broken		SYNC RUN	CIR CIR	 ▲ NOISE SYNC ▲ UNSTB STB 	 POWER OUTPUT FAIL LOCKOUT 	-0 0-	-•-•-			
ure		Transmitter power supply line broken		SYNC RUN	CIR © OP	NOISE SYNC	 POWER OUTPUT FAIL LOCKOUT 	-0 0- Locked				
Failure		Receiver power supply line broken		SYNC RUN	CIR OP	NOISE SYNC	 POWER OUTPUT FAIL LOCKOUT 	-0 0-	-• •-			
		Synchronization line broken		SYNC RUN	CIR Ø OP	NOISE SYNC	 POWER OUTPUT FAIL LOCKOUT 	-0 0- Locked	-6 6-			
		Anti Interference line broken (slave)*	CIR CIR SLV	♥ SYNC ♥ RUN	CIR Ø OP	● NOISE SYNC ↓ UNSTB STB	POWEROUTPUTFAILLOCKOUT	-0 0- Locked	-0-0-			
		Relay contact welded	CIR CIR SLV	SYNC RUN	CIR	NOISE SYNC	POWEROUTPUTFAILLOCKOUT	- e e - Welded	-5 0-			
	Control unit	Circuit damaged		SYNC RUN	CIR CIR OP	NOISE SYNC	POWEROUTPUTFAILLOCKOUT	-5 0-	-0 0-			
		Power supply line broken Power supply cut off	CIR O SLV	SYNC RUN	CIR OP	NOISE SYNC UNSTB STB	POWEROUTPUTFAILLOCKOUT	-0 0-	-0 0-			

(Note) "Locked" refers to a state in which the output relay stays open due to circuit failure.

(Note) When the output circuit is damaged, the control output stays open. *When the Anti Interference line is broken in the master/slave configuration, the indicator on the slave flashes and the slave control output relay opens.

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Control Unit Operation and Output

The control unit outputs control and lockout signals depending on the detection by sensor and of different types of failure.

Control output

The control unit has duplicate circuits and the control output is composed of two output relays connected in series.

Contact closed

When light beams of all sensor axes are received (normal operation)

Contact open

- When light beam of any axis is blocked
- When control unit lockout has been tripped
- When circuit damage or disconnection has occurred in components
- When power has been supplied with the sensor wired in a wrong way
- When power supply line has been broken
- When the power supply, GND, detection output, synchronization or Anti Interference line, etc. has been broken
- When the sensor output line has been short-circuited to the sensor power supply line (+V or 0 V) of the control unit

Lockout output

Lockout is a feature that forces the control output relay to stay open when any internal failure has been detected. The control unit SSF-C has completely duplicated internal circuitry and any inconsistency found is regarded as failure, which trips lockout. In addition to lockout, the contact is opened for 2 seconds after power-up or when power supply line to the control unit has been broken.

Condition of lockout

(1) Inconsistency between the two control output relays

When either of the output relays does not operate due to welding of contact

(2) Inconsistency between the duplicate circuits When the operation of the two circuits do not agree due to failure in output circuit components of the control unit

Notes on lockout release

Lockout can be released by pressing the CHECK switch on the control unit.

Before releasing lockout, identify and eliminate the cause of the lockout.

- If lockout cannot be released by pressing the CHECK switch, the control unit output circuit may be damaged or the output relay may be welded. Replace the control unit.
- Use the lockout output for monitoring. Do not use the output for control.

For control, be sure to use the control output.

For Correct Use



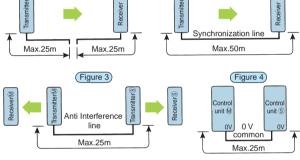
- Be sure to follow the instructions in the operation manual provided for correct use of the product.
- This sensor cannot be used as a press safety device or other safety device for protection of human body that requires conformity to domestic or overseas standards or certification concerning protection of human body. Use for such purposes may lead to death or serious injury in the unlikely event of failure.
- This sensor is intended for detection of ingress of human body or object passing through an arbitrary point not involving protection of human body or safety.
- When using this sensor for safety purposes, ensure safe operation of the system as a whole including detection and control.

Cord Extension

To extend the cord, use wires of at least 0.5 mm² and limit the length as follows:

Basic wiring : within 25 m between the transmitter/receiver and control unit (Figure 1)
 Synchronization wiring : within 50 m between transmitter

Anti Interference wiring : within 25 m between the two transmitters (Figure 3)
 Power supply wiring for M/S wiring : within 25 m between the two control units (Figure 4)



Notes on installation

- When installing the sensor, make sure that the ends of the transmitter and receiver with the cord are oriented either upward or downward. The sensor does not function if the transmitter and receiver are not oriented the same way.
- The tightening torque for installing the sensor should be up to 2 N m. The tightening torque for installing the control unit with screws should be up to 0.78 N • m.

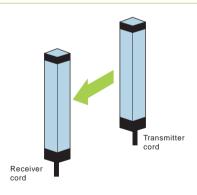
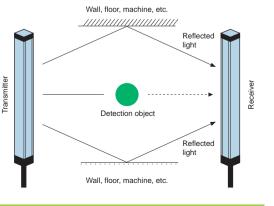
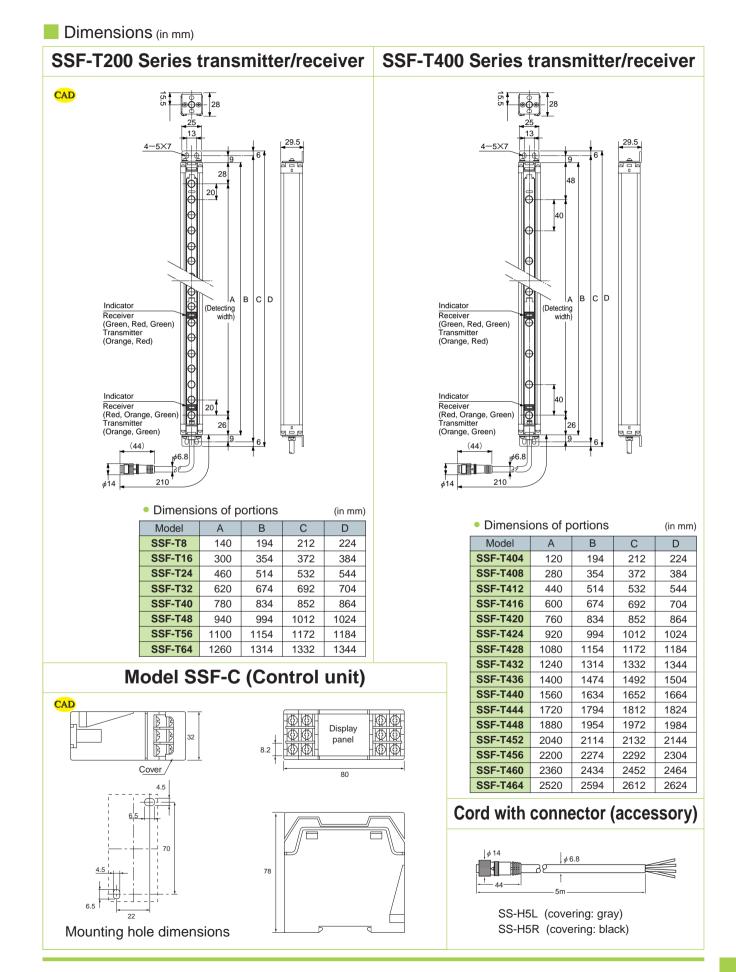


Figure 2

- Any reflecting object (wall, floor, machine, etc.) within the effective range between the transmitter and receiver may allow the light of the sensor to go around the detection object, which is supposed to block the light, and reach the receiver. Choose the installation location carefully (Any glossy object such as stainless steel in the surrounding area must be at least 30 cm away from the center of the light transmission and reception area both vertically (up and down) and horizontally (left and right).
- Do not install the sensor in a place subject to steam, large amount of dust or direct exposure to water or rain.





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Image: Sector of the sector									
Image:									
Image:									
Image:									

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