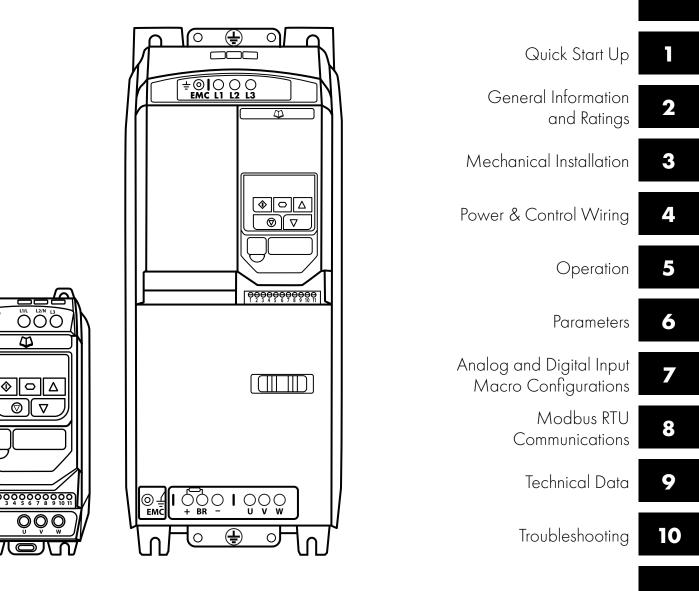


OPTIDRIVE[™] (É³

AC Variable Speed Drive

IP20

0.37kW – 37kW / 0.5HP – 50HP 110 – 480V Single and 3 Phase Input



1. Quick Start Up	4
1.1. Important Safety Information.	
1.2. Quick Start Process	5
1.3. Installation Following a Period of Storage	6
2. General Information and Ratings	7
2.1. Identifying the Drive by Model Number	7
2.2. Drive Model Numbers	7
3. Mechanical Installation	9
3.1. General	9
3.2. UL Compliant Installation	9
3.3. Mechanical Dimensions and Mounting – IP20 Open Units	s9
3.4. Guidelines for Enclosure Mounting	10
4. Power & Control Wiring	11
4.1. Connection Diagram	11
4.2. Protective Earth (PE) Connection	11
4.3. Incoming Power Connection	12
4.4. Motor Connection	12
4.5. Motor Terminal Box Connections	13
4.6. Control Terminal Wiring	13
4.7. Control Terminal Connections	13
4.8. Motor Thermal Overload Protection	14
4.9. EMC Compliant Installation	15
4.10. Optional Brake Resistor	15
5. Operation	16
5.1. Managing the Keypad	16
5.2. Operating Displays	16
5.3. Changing Parameters	16
5.4. Read Only Parameter Access	17
5.5. Resetting Parameters	17
5.6. Resetting a Fault	17

6. Parameters	. 18
6.1. Standard Parameters.	. 18
6.2. Extended Parameters	. 20
6.3. Advanced Parameters	. 25
6.4. P-00 Read Only Status Parameters	. 26
7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations	.27
7.1. Overview	. 27
7.2. Example Connection Diagrams	. 27
7.3. Macro Functions Guide Key	. 28
7.4. Macro Functions – Terminal Mode (P-12 = 0)	. 29
7.5. Macro Functions - Keypad Mode (P-12 = 1 or 2)	
7.6. Macro Functions - Fieldbus Control Mode (P-12 = 3, 4 8 or 9)	
7.7. Macro Functions - User PI Control Mode (P-12 = 5 or 6) .	. 31
7.8. Fire Mode	. 31
8. Modbus RTU Communications	32
8.1. Introduction	. 32
8.2. Modbus RTU Specification	. 32
8.3. RJ45 Connector Configuration	. 32
8.4. Modbus Register Map	. 32
9. Technical Data	34
9.1. Environmental	. 34
9.2. Rating Tables	. 34
9.3. Single Phase Operation of Three Phase Drives	. 35
9.4. Additional Information for UL Compliance	. 35
9.5. EMC Filter Disconnect	. 36
10. Troubleshooting	.37
10.1. Fault Code Messages	. 37

Declaration of Conformity

Invertek Drives Ltd hereby states that the Optidrive ODE-3 product range conforms to the relevant safety provisions of the following council directives:

2014/30/EU (EMC) and 2014/35/EU (LVD)

Designed and manufacture is in accordance with the following harmonised European standards:

EN 61800-5-1: 2007	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. Safety requirements. Electrical, thermal and energy.
EN 61800-3: 2004 /A1 2012	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. EMC requirements and specific test methods
EN 55011: 2007	Limits and Methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) radio- frequency equipment (EMC)
EN60529: 1992	Specifications for degrees of protection provided by enclosures

Electromagnetic Compatibility

All Optidrives are designed with high standards of EMC in mind. All versions suitable for operation on Single Phase 230 volt and Three Phase 400 volt supplies and intended for use within the European Union are fitted with an internal EMC filter. This EMC filter is designed to reduce the conducted emissions back into the mains supply via the power cables for compliance with the above harmonised European standards.

It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that the equipment or system into which the product is incorporated complies with the EMC legislation of the country of use, and the relevant category. Within the European Union, equipment into which this product is incorporated must comply with the EMC Directive 2004/108/EC. This User Guide provides guidance to ensure that the applicable standards may be achieved.

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2 Year Warranty

All Invertek Optidrive units carry a 2 year warranty against manufacturing defects from the date of manufacture. The manufacturer accepts no liability for any damage caused during or resulting from transport, receipt of delivery, installation or commissioning. The manufacturer also accepts no liability for damage or consequences resulting from inappropriate, negligent or incorrect installation, incorrect adjustment of the operating parameters of the drive, incorrect matching of the drive to the motor, incorrect installation, unacceptable dust, moisture, corrosive substances, excessive vibration or ambient temperatures outside of the design specification. The local distributor may offer different terms and conditions at their discretion, and in all cases concerning warranty, the local distributor should be contacted first.

This user guide is the "original instructions" document. All non-English versions are translations of the "original instructions".

The contents of this User Guide are believed to be correct at the time of printing. In the interest of a commitment to a policy of continuous improvement, the manufacturer reserves the right to change the specification of the product or its performance or the contents of the User Guide without notice.

This User Guide is for use with version 3.08 Firmware

User Guide Revision 1.00

Invertek Drives Ltd adopts a policy of continuous improvement and whilst every effort has been made to provide accurate and up to date information, the information contained in this User Guide should be used for guidance purposes only and does not form the part of any contract.



When installing the drive on any power supply where the phase-ground voltage may exceed the phase-phase voltage (typically IT supply networks or Marine vessels) it is essential that the internal EMC filter ground and surge protection varistor ground (where fitted) are disconnected. If in doubt, refer to your Sales Partner for further information.

This manual is intended as a guide for proper installation. Invertek Drives Ltd cannot assume responsibility for the compliance or the non-compliance to any code, national, local or otherwise, for the proper installation of this drive or associated equipment. A hazard of personal injury and/or equipment damage exists if codes are ignored during installation.

This Optidrive contains high voltage capacitors that take time to discharge after removal of the main supply. Before working on the drive, ensure isolation of the main supply from line inputs. Wait ten (10) minutes for the capacitors to discharge to safe voltage levels. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.

Only qualified electrical personnel familiar with the construction and operation of this equipment and the hazards involved should install, adjust, operate, or service this equipment. Read and understand this manual and other applicable manuals in their entirety before proceeding. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.

1.1. Important Safety Information

Please read the IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION below, and all Warning and Caution information elsewhere.

Danger: Indicates a risk of electric shock, which, if not avoided, could result in damage to the equipment and possible injury or death.

This variable speed drive product (Optidrive) is intended for professional incorporation into complete equipment or systems as part of a fixed installation. If installed incorrectly it may present a safety hazard. The Optidrive uses high voltages and currents, carries a high level of stored electrical energy, and is used to control mechanical plant that may cause injury. Close attention is required to system design and electrical installation to avoid hazards in either normal operation or in the event of equipment malfunction. Only qualified electricians are allowed to install and maintain this product.

System design, installation, commissioning and maintenance must be carried out only by personnel who have the necessary training and experience. They must carefully read this safety information and the instructions in this Guide and follow all information regarding transport, storage, installation and use of the Optidrive, including the specified environmental limitations.

Do not perform any flash test or voltage withstand test on the Optidrive. Any electrical measurements required should be carried out with the Optidrive disconnected.

Electric shock hazard! Disconnect and ISOLATE the Optidrive before attempting any work on it. High voltages are present at the terminals and within the drive for up to 10 minutes after disconnection of the electrical supply. Always ensure by using a suitable multimeter that no voltage is present on any drive power terminals prior to commencing any work.

Where supply to the drive is through a plug and socket connector, do not disconnect until 10 minutes have elapsed after turning off the supply.

Ensure correct earthing connections. The earth cable must be sufficient to carry the maximum supply fault current which normally will be limited by the fuses or MCB. Suitably rated fuses or MCB should be fitted in the mains supply to the drive, according to any local legislation or codes.

Ensure correct earthing connections and cable selection as per defined by local legislation or codes. The drive may have a leakage current of greater than 3.5mA; furthermore the earth cable must be sufficient to carry the maximum supply fault current which normally will be limited by the fuses or MCB. Suitably rated fuses or MCB should be fitted in the mains supply to the drive, according to any local legislation or codes.

Do not carry out any work on the drive control cables whilst power is applied to the drive or to the external control circuits.



Danger: Indicates a potentially hazardous situation other than electrical, which if not avoided, could result in damage to property.

Within the European Union, all machinery in which this product is used must comply with Directive 2006/42/EC, Safety of Machinery. In particular, the machine manufacturer is responsible for providing a main switch and ensuring the electrical equipment complies with EN60204-1.

The level of integrity offered by the Optidrive control input functions – for example stop/start, forward/reverse and maximum speed is not sufficient for use in safety-critical applications without independent channels of protection. All applications where malfunction could cause injury or loss of life must be subject to a risk assessment and further protection provided where needed.

The driven motor can start at power up if the enable input signal is present.

The STOP function does not remove potentially lethal high voltages. ISOLATE the drive and wait 10 minutes before starting any work on it. Never carry out any work on the Drive, Motor or Motor cable whilst the input power is still applied.

The Optidrive can be programmed to operate the driven motor at speeds above or below the speed achieved when connecting the motor directly to the mains supply. Obtain confirmation from the manufacturers of the motor and the driven machine about suitability for operation over the intended speed range prior to machine start up.

Do not activate the automatic fault reset function on any systems whereby this may cause a potentially dangerous situation.

IP20 drives must be installed in a pollution degree 2 environment, mounted in a cabinet with IP54 or better.

Optidrives are intended for indoor use only.

When mounting the drive, ensure that sufficient cooling is provided. Do not carry out drilling operations with the drive in place, dust and swarf from drilling may lead to damage.

The entry of conductive or flammable foreign bodies should be prevented. Flammable material should not be placed close to the drive

Relative humidity must be less than 95% (non-condensing).

Ensure that the supply voltage, frequency and no. of phases (1 or 3 phase) correspond to the rating of the Optidrive as delivered.

Never connect the mains power supply to the Output terminals U, V, W.

Do not install any type of automatic switchgear between the drive and the motor.

Wherever control cabling is close to power cabling, maintain a minimum separation of 100 mm and arrange crossings at 90 degrees. Ensure that all terminals are tightened to the appropriate torque setting.

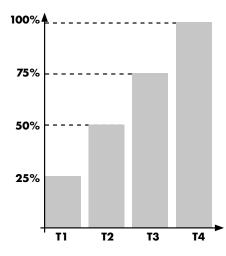
Do not attempt to carry out any repair of the Optidrive. In the case of suspected fault or malfunction, contact your local Invertek Drives Sales Partner for further assistance.

1.2. Quick Start Process

Step	Action	See section	Page
1	Identify the Enclosure Type, Model Type and ratings of your drive from the model code on the label. In particular - Check the voltage rating suits the incoming supply - Check the output current capacity meets or exceeds the full load current for the intended motor	2.1. Identifying the Drive by Model Number	7
2	Unpack and check the drive. Notify the supplier and shipper immediately of any damage.		
3	Ensure correct ambient and environmental conditions for the drive are met by the proposed mounting location.	9.1. Environmental	34
4	Install the drive in a suitable cabinet (IP20 Units) ensuring suitable cooling air is available.	3.1. General3.3. Mechanical Dimensions and Mounting – IP20Open Units3.4. Guidelines for Enclosure Mounting	9 9 10
5	Select the correct power and motor cables according to local wiring regulations or code, noting the maximum permissible sizes	9.2. Rating Tables	34
6	If the supply type is IT or corner grounded, disconnect the EMC filter before connecting the supply.	9.5. EMC Filter Disconnect	36
7	Check the supply cable and motor cable for faults or short circuits.		
8	Route the cables.		
9	Check that the intended motor is suitable for use, noting any precautions recommended by the supplier or manufacturer.	4.9. EMC Compliant Installation	15
10	Check the motor terminal box for correct Star or Delta configuration where applicable.	4.5. Motor Terminal Box Connections	13
11	Ensure wiring protection is providing, by installing a suitable circuit breaker or fuses in the incoming supply line.	4.3.2. Fuse / Circuit Breaker Selection 9.2. Rating Tables	12 34
12	Connect the power cables, especially ensuring the protective earth connection is made.	4.1. Connection Diagram4.2. Protective Earth (PE) Connection4.3. Incoming Power Connection4.4. Motor Connection	11 11 12 12
13	Connect the control cables as required for the application.	4.6. Control Terminal Wiring4.9. EMC Compliant Installation7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations7.2. Example Connection Diagrams	13 15 27 27
14	Thoroughly check the installation and wiring.		
15	Commission the drive parameters.	5.1. Managing the Keypad 6. Parameters	16 18

1.3. Installation Following a Period of Storage

Where the drive has been stored for some time prior to installation, or has remained without the main power supply present for an extended period of time, it is necessary to reform the DC capacitors within the drive according to the following table before operation. For drives which have not been connected to the main power supply for a period of more than 2 years, this requires a reduced mains voltage mains voltage to be applied for a time period, and gradually increased prior to operating the drive. The voltage levels relative to the drive rated voltage, and the time periods for which they must be applied are shown in the following table. Following completion of the procedure, the drive may be operated as normal.

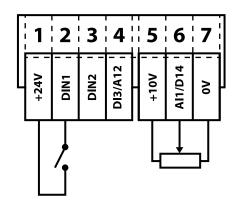


Storage Period /Power-OFF Period	Initial Input Voltage Level	Time Period T1	Secondary Input Voltage Level	Time Period T2	Third Input Voltage Level	Time Period T3	Final Input Voltage Level	Time Period T4
Up to 1 Year	100%				N/A			
1 – 2 Years	100%	1 Hour	1 Hour N/A					
2 – 3 Years	25%	30 Minutes	50%	30 Minutes	75%	30 Minutes	100%	30 Minutes
More than 3 Years	25%	2 Hours	50%	2 Hours	75%	2 Hours	100%	2 Hours

1.4. Quick Start Overview

Quick Start – IP20

- Connect a Start / Stop switch between control terminals 1 & 2
 - o Close the Switch to Start
 - o Open to Stop
- Connect a potentiometer (5k 10kΩ) between terminals 5, 6 and 7 as shown
 - o Adjust the potentiometer to vary the speed from P-O2 (OHz default) to P-O1 (50 / 60 Hz default)

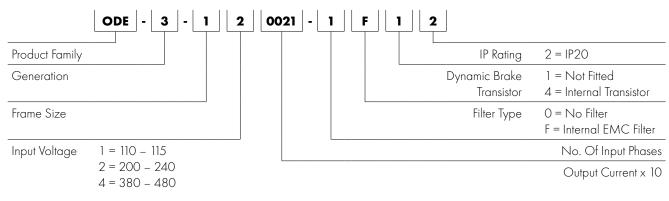


2. General Information and Ratings

This chapter contains information about the Optidrive E3 including how to identify the drive.

2.1. Identifying the Drive by Model Number

Each drive can be identified by its model number, as shown in the table below. The model number is on the shipping label and the drive nameplate. The model number includes the drive and any options.



2.2. Drive Model Numbers

110) – 115V ± 10% - 1 Phase In	put – 3 Phase 23	30V Output (Vo	ltage Doubler)	
Model	Number	kW	НР	Output Current	Frame Size
With Filter	Without Filter	KW	HP	(A)	Frame Size
N/A	ODE-3-110023-1012		0.5	2.3	1
N/A	ODE-3-110043-1012		1	4.3	1
N/A	ODE-3-210058-1042		1.5	5.8	2
	200 – 240V ± 10%	6 - 1 Phase Input	– 3 Phase Out	put	
Model	Number	kW	НР	Output Current	Frame Size
With Filter	Without Filter	,		(A)	
ODE-3-120023-1F12	ODE-3-120023-1012	0.37	0.5	2.3	1
ODE-3-120043-1F12	ODE-3-120043-1012	0.75	1	4.3	1
ODE-3-120070-1 F12	ODE-3-120070-1012	1.5	2	7	1
ODE-3-220070-1F42	ODE-3-220070-1042	1.5	2	7	2
ODE-3-220105-1F42	ODE-3-220105-1042	2.2	3	10.5	2
N/A	ODE-3-320153-1042	4.0	5	15.3	3
	200 - 240V ± 10%	6 - 3 Phase Input	– 3 Phase Out	put	
Model	Number	kW	НР	Output Current	Frame Size
With Filter	Without Filter	,		(A)	
N/A	ODE-3-120023-3012	0.37	0.5	2.3	1
N/A	ODE-3-120043-3012	0.75	1	4.3	1
N/A	ODE-3-120070-3012	1.5	2	7	1
ODE-3-220070-3F42	ODE-3-220070-3042	1.5	2	7	2
ODE-3-220105-3F42	ODE-3-220105-3042	2.2	3	10.5	2
ODE-3-320180-3F42	ODE-3-320180-3042	4.0	5	18	3
ODE-3-320240-3F42	ODE-3-320240-3042	5.5	7.5	24	3
ODE-3-420300-3F42	ODE-3-420300-3042	7.5	10	30	4
ODE-3-420460-3F42	ODE-3-420460-3042	11	15	46	4
ODE-3-520610-3F42	N/A	15	20	61	5
ODE-3-520720-3F42	N/A	18.5	25	72	5

380 – 480V ± 10% - 3 Phase Input – 3 Phase Output								
Model	Model Number			Output Current	Frame Size			
With Filter	Without Filter	kW	HP	(A)	Frame Size			
ODE-3-140012-3F12	ODE-3-140012-3012	0.37	0.5	1.2	1			
ODE-3-140022-3F12	ODE-3-140022-3012	0.75	1	2.2	1			
ODE-3-140041-3F12	ODE-3-140041-3012	1.5	2	4.1	1			
ODE-3-240041-3F42	ODE-3-240041-3042	1.5	2	4.1	2			
ODE-3-240058-3F42	ODE-3-240058-3042	2.2	3	5.8	2			
ODE-3-240095-3F42	ODE-3-240095-3042	4	5	9.5	2			
ODE-3-340140-3F42	ODE-3-340140-3042	5.5	7.5	14	3			
ODE-3-340180-3F42	ODE-3-340180-3042	7.5	10	18	3			
ODE-3-340240-3F42	ODE-3-340240-3042	11	15	24	3			
ODE-3-440300-3F42	ODE-3-440300-3042	15	20	30	4			
ODE-3-440390-3F42	ODE-3-440390-3042	18.5	25	39	4			
ODE-3-440460-3F42	ODE-3-440460-3042	22	30	46	4			
ODE-3-540610-3F42	N/A	30	40	61	5			
ODE-3-540720-3F42	N/A	37	50	72	5			

3. Mechanical Installation

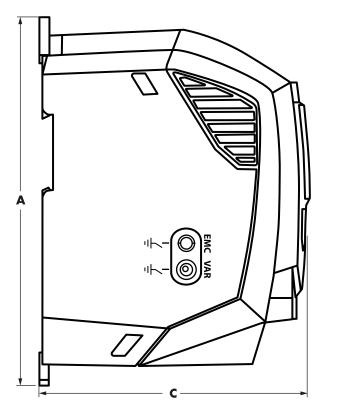
3.1. General

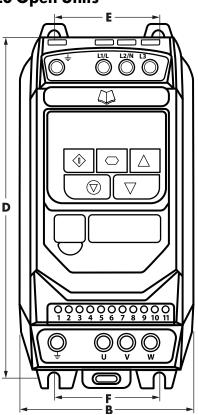
- The Optidrive should be mounted in a vertical position only, on a flat, flame resistant, vibration free mounting using the integral mounting holes or DIN Rail clip (Frame Sizes 1 and 2 only).
- IP20 Optidrives must be installed in a pollution degree 1 or 2 environment only.
- Do not mount flammable material close to the Optidrive.
- Ensure that the ambient temperature range does not exceed the permissible limits for the Optidrive given in section 9.1. Environmental.
- Provide suitable clean, moisture and contaminant free cooling air sufficient to fulfil the cooling requirements of the Optidrive.

3.2. UL Compliant Installation

Refer to section 9.4. Additional Information for UL Compliance on page 35 for Additional Information for UL Compliance.

3.3. Mechanical Dimensions and Mounting – IP20 Open Units



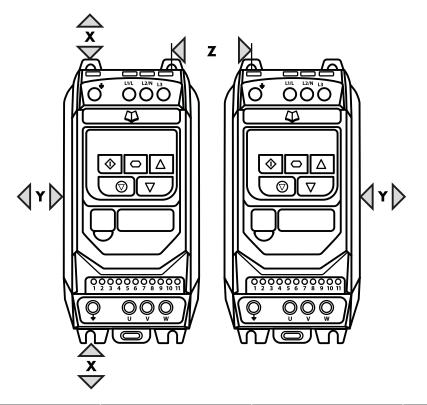


Drive		4		8		C	I)		-			Wei	ight
Size	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	Kg	Ib
]	173	6.81	83	3.27	123	4.84	162	6.38	50	1.97	50	1.97	1.0	2.2
2	221	8.70	110	4.33	150	5.91	209	8.23	63	2.48	63	2.48	1.7	3.8
3	261	10.28	131	5.16	175	6.89	247	9.72	80	3.15	80	3.15	3.2	7.1
4	420	16.54	171	6.73	212	8.35	400	15.75	125	4.92	125	4.92	9.1	20.1
5	486	19.13	222	8.74	226	8.89	463	18.22	175	6.88	175	6.88	18.1	39.9

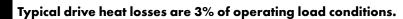
Mounti	ng Bolts	Tightening Torques					
Frame Size		Frame Size	Control Terminals	Power Terminals			
1 - 3	4 × M5 (#8)	1 - 3	0.5 Nm (4.5 lb-in)	1 Nm (9 lb-in)			
4	4 × M8	4	0.5 Nm (4.5 lb-in)	2 Nm (18 lb-in)			
5	4 × M8	5	0.5 Nm (4.5 lb-in)	4 Nm (35.5 lb-in)			

3.4. Guidelines for Enclosure Mounting

- IP20 drives are suitable for use in pollution degree 1 environments, according to IEC-664-1. For pollution degree 2 or higher environments, drives should be mounted in a suitable control cabinet with sufficient ingress protection to maintain a pollution degree 1 environment around the drive.
- Enclosures should be made from a thermally conductive material.
- Ensure the minimum air gap clearances around the drive as shown below are observed when mounting the drive.
- Where ventilated enclosures are used, there should be venting above the drive and below the drive to ensure good air circulation. Air should be drawn in below the drive and expelled above the drive.
- In any environments where the conditions require it, the enclosure must be designed to protect the Optidrive against ingress of airborne dust, corrosive gases or liquids, conductive contaminants (such as condensation, carbon dust, and metallic particles) and sprays or splashing water from all directions.
- High moisture, salt or chemical content environments should use a suitably sealed (non-vented) enclosure.
- The enclosure design and layout should ensure that the adequate ventilation paths and clearances are left to allow air to circulate through the drive heatsink. Invertek Drives recommend the following minimum sizes for drives mounted in non-ventilated metallic enclosures:



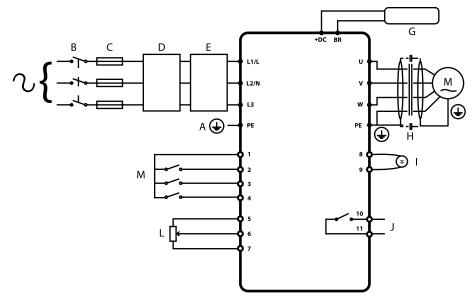
Drive Size	X Drive Size Above & Below		Y Either Side		Bet	Z ween	Recommended airflow
	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	CFM (ft3/min)
]	50	1.97	50	1.97	33	1.30	11
2	75	2.95	50	1.97	46	1.81	22
3	100	3.94	50	1.97	52	2.05	60
4	100	3.94	50	1.97	52	2.05	120
5	200	7.87	25	0.98	70	2.76	104
Dimension Z assumes that the drives are mounted side-by-side with no clearance.							



Above are guidelines only and the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained at all times.

NOTE

4.1. Connection Diagram



Кеу	Sec.	Page
A Protective Earth (PE) Connection	4.2	14
B Incoming Power Connection	4.3	12
C Fuse / Circuit Breaker Selection	4.3.2	14
D Optional Input Choke	4.3.3	12
E Optional External EMC Filter	4.10	15
Internal Disconnect / Isolator	4.3	12
G Optional Brake Resistor	4.11	18
H Motor Connection		
Analog Output	4.8.1	16
J Auxiliary Relay Output	4.8.2	17
L Analog Inputs	4.8.3	17
M Digital Inputs	4.8.4	17

4.2. Protective Earth (PE) Connection

Grounding Guidelines

The ground terminal of each Optidrive should be individually connected DIRECTLY to the site ground bus bar (through the filter if installed). Optidrive ground connections should not loop from one drive to another, or to, or from any other equipment. Ground loop impedance must confirm to local industrial safety regulations. To meet UL regulations, UL approved ring crimp terminals should be used for all ground wiring connections.

The drive Safety Ground must be connected to system ground. Ground impedance must conform to the requirements of national and local industrial safety regulations and/or electrical codes. The integrity of all ground connections should be checked periodically.

Protective Earth Conductor

The Cross sectional area of the PE Conductor must be at least equal to that of the incoming supply conductor.

Safety Ground

This is the safety ground for the drive that is required by code. One of these points must be connected to adjacent building steel (girder, joist), a floor ground rod, or bus bar. Grounding points must comply with national and local industrial safety regulations and/or electrical codes.

Motor Ground

The motor ground must be connected to one of the ground terminals on the drive.

Ground Fault Monitoring

As with all inverters, a leakage current to earth can exist. The Optidrive is designed to produce the minimum possible leakage current whilst complying with worldwide standards. The level of current is affected by motor cable length and type, the effective switching frequency, the earth connections used and the type of RFI filter installed. If an ELCB (Earth Leakage Circuit Breaker) is to be used, the following conditions apply:

- A Type B Device must be used.
- The device must be suitable for protecting equipment with a DC component in the leakage current.
- Individual ELCBs should be used for each Optidrive.

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Shield Termination (Cable Screen)

The safety ground terminal provides a grounding point for the motor cable shield. The motor cable shield connected to this terminal (drive end) should also be connected to the motor frame (motor end). Use a shield terminating or EMI clamp to connect the shield to the safety ground terminal.

4.3. Incoming Power Connection

4.3.1. Cable Selection

- For 1 phase supply, the mains power cables should be connected to L1/L, L2/N.
- For 3 phase supplies, the mains power cables should be connected to L1, L2, and L3. Phase sequence is not important.
- For compliance with CE and C Tick EMC requirements, refer to section 4.9. EMC Compliant Installation on page 15.
- A fixed installation is required according to IEC61800-5-1 with a suitable disconnecting device installed between the Optidrive and the AC Power Source. The disconnecting device must conform to the local safety code / regulations (e.g. within Europe, EN60204-1, Safety of machinery).
- The cables should be dimensioned according to any local codes or regulations. Maximum dimensions are given in section 9.2. Rating Tables.

4.3.2. Fuse / Circuit Breaker Selection

- Suitable fuses to provide wiring protection of the input power cable should be installed in the incoming supply line, according to the data in section 9.2. Rating Tables. The fuses must comply with any local codes or regulations in place. In general, type gG (IEC 60269) or UL type J fuses are suitable; however in some cases type aR fuses may be required. The operating time of the fuses must be below 0.5 seconds.
- Where allowed by local regulations, suitably dimensioned type B MCB circuit breakers of equivalent rating may be utilised in place of fuses, providing that the clearing capacity is sufficient for the installation.
- The maximum permissible short circuit current at the Optidrive Power terminals as defined in IEC60439-1 is 100kA.

4.3.3. Optional Input Choke

- An optional Input Choke is recommended to be installed in the supply line for drives where any of the following conditions occur:
 - o The incoming supply impedance is low or the fault level / short circuit current is high.
 - o The supply is prone to dips or brown outs.
 - o An imbalance exists on the supply (3 phase drives).
 - o The power supply to the drive is via a busbar and brush gear system (typically overhead Cranes).
- In all other installations, an input choke is recommended to ensure protection of the drive against power supply faults. Part numbers are shown in the table.

Supply	Frame Size	AC Input Inductor
	1	OPT-2-L1016-20
230 Volt 1 Phase	2	OPT-2-L1025-20
T THUSE	3	N/A
	1	OPT-2-L3006-20
400 Volt	2	OPT-2-L3010-20
3 Phase	3	OPT-2-L3036-20
	4	OPT-2-L3050-20
	5	OPT-2-L3090-20

4.4. Motor Connection

- The drive inherently produces fast switching of the output voltage (PWM) to the motor compared to the mains supply, for motors which have been wound for operation with a variable speed drive then there is no preventative measures required, however if the quality of insulation is unknown then the motor manufacturer should be consulted and preventative measures may be required.
- The motor should be connected to the Optidrive U, V, and W terminals using a suitable 3 or 4 core cable. Where a 3 core cable is utilised, with the shield operating as an earth conductor, the shield must have a cross sectional area at least equal to the phase conductors when they are made from the same material. Where a 4 core cable is utilised, the earth conductor must be of at least equal cross sectional area and manufactured from the same material as the phase conductors.
- The motor earth must be connected to one of the Optidrive earth terminals.
- Maximum permitted motor cable length for all models: 100 metres shielded, 150 metres unshielded.
- Where multiple motors are connected to a single drive using parallel cables, an output choke **must** be installed.

4

4

4.5. Motor Terminal Box Connections

Most general purpose motors are wound for operation on dual voltage supplies. This is indicated on the nameplate of the motor. This operational voltage is normally selected when installing the motor by selecting either STAR or DELTA connection. STAR always gives the higher of the two voltage ratings.

Incoming Supply Voltage	Motor Nameplate Voltages		Connection
230	230 / 400	Delta	
400	400 / 690	Δ	
400	230 / 400	Star A	

4.6. Control Terminal Wiring

- All analog signal cables should be suitably shielded. Twisted pair cables are recommended.
- Power and Control Signal cables should be routed separately where possible, and must not be routed parallel to each other.
- Signal levels of different voltages e.g. 24 Volt DC and 110 Volt AC, should not be routed in the same cable.
- Maximum control terminal tightening torque is 0.5Nm.
- Control Cable entry conductor size: 0.05 2.5mm2 / 30 12 AWG.

4.7. Control Terminal Connections

Default Connections	Control Terminal	Signal	Description
			+24Vdc user output, 100mA.
	1	+24Vdc User Output	Do not connect an external voltage source to this terminal.
	2	Digital Input 1	Positive logic
	3	Digital Input 2	"Logic 1" input voltage range: 8V 30V DC "Logic 0" input voltage range: 0V 4V DC
	4	Digital Input 3 /Analog Input 2	Digital: 8 to 30V Analog: 0 to 10V, 0 to 20mA or 4 to 20mA
	5	+10V User Output	+10V, 10mA, 1kΩ minimum
	6	Analog Input 1 / Digital Input 4	Analog: 0 to 10V, 0 to 20mA or 4 to 20mA Digital: 8 to 30V
	7	OV	0 Volt Common, internally connected to terminal 9
V V	8	Analog Output / Digital Output	Analog: 0 to 10V, Digital: 0 to 24V 20mA maximum
	9	OV	0 Volt Common, internally connected to terminal 7
	10	Auxiliary Relay Common	
	11	Auxiliary Relay NO Contact	Contact 250Vac, 6A / 30Vdc, 5A Intended to drive resistive load.

4.7.1. Analog Output

The analog output function may be configured using parameter P-25, which is described in section 6.2. Extended Parameters on page 20.

The output has two operating modes, dependent on the parameter selection:

- Analog Mode
 - o The output is a 0 10 volt DC signal, 20mA max load current.
- Digital Mode

o The output is 24 volt DC, 20mA max load current.

4.7.2. Relay Output

The relay output function may be configured using parameter P-18, which is described in section 6.2. Extended Parameters on page 20.

4.7.3. Analog Inputs

Two analog inputs are available, which may also be used as Digital Inputs if required. The signal formats are selected by parameters as follows:

- Analog Input 1 Format Selection Parameter P-16.
- Analog Input 2 Format Selection Parameter P-47.

These parameters are described more fully in section 6.2. Extended Parameters on page 20.

The function of the analog input, e.g. for speed reference or PID feedback for example is defined by parameters P-15. The function of these parameters and available options is described in section 7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations on page 27.

4.7.4. Digital Inputs

Up to four digital inputs are available. The function of the inputs is defined by parameters P-12 and P-15, which are explained in section 7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations on page 27.

4.8. Motor Thermal Overload Protection

4.8.1. Internal Thermal Overload Protection

Optidrive E3 has internal motor overload protection / current limit set at 150% of FLA. This may be adjusted in parameter P-54. The drive has an in-built motor thermal overload function; this is in the form of an "I.t-trP" trip after delivering >100% of the value set in P-08 for a sustained period of time (e.g. 150% for 60 seconds).

4.8.2. Motor Thermistor Connection

Where a motor thermistor is to be used, it should be connected as follows:

Control Terminal Strip	Additional Information
	 Compatible Thermistor: PTC Type, 2.5kΩ trip level. Use a setting of P-15 that has Input 3 function as External Trip, e.g. P-15 = 3. Refer to section 7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations on page 27 for further details. Set P-47 = "Ptc-th"

4.9. EMC Compliant Installation

Category	Supply Cable Type	Motor Cable Type	Control Cables	Maximum Permissible Motor Cable Length
C 16	Shielded ¹	Shielded ^{1,5}		1M / 5M ⁷
C2	Shielded ²	Shielded ^{1, 5}	Shielded ⁴	5M / 25M ⁷
C3	Unshielded ³	Shielded ²		25M / 100M ⁷

¹ A screened (shielded) cable suitable for fixed installation with the relevant mains voltage in use. Braided or twisted type screened cable where the screen covers at least 85% of the cable surface area, designed with low impedance to HF signals. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable.

- ² A cable suitable for fixed installation with relevant mains voltage with a concentric protection wire. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable.
- ³ A cable suitable for fixed installation with relevant mains voltage. A shielded type cable is not necessary.
- ⁴ A shielded cable with low impedance shield. Twisted pair cable is recommended for analog signals.
- ⁵ The cable screen should be terminated at the motor end using an EMC type gland allowing connection to the motor body through the largest possible surface area. Where drives are mounted in a steel control panel enclosure, the cable screen may be terminated directly to the control panel using a suitable EMC clamp or gland, as close to the drive as possible.
- ⁶ Compliance with category C1 conducted emissions only is achieved. For compliance with category C1 radiated emissions, additional measures may be required, contact your Sales Partner for further assistance.
- ⁷ Permissible cable length with additional external EMC filter.

4.10. Optional Brake Resistor

Optidrive E3 Frame Size 2 and above units have a built in Brake Transistor. This allows an external resistor to be connected to the drive to provide improved braking torque in applications that require this.

The brake resistor should be connected to the "+" and "BR" terminals as shown.



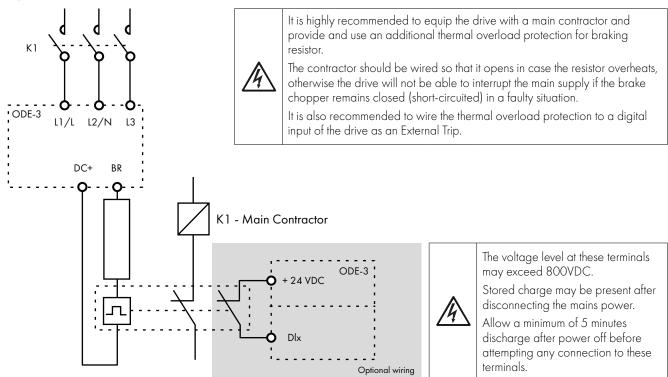
The voltage level at these terminals may exceed 800VDC.

Stored charge may be present after disconnecting the mains power.

Allow a minimum of 10 minutes discharge after power off before attempting any connection to these terminals.

Suitable resistors and guidance on selection can be obtained from your Invertek Sales Partner.

Dynamic Brake Transistor with Thermal Overload Protection



Thermal Overload / Brake Resistor with internal Over Temperature switch

4

5. Operation

5.1. Managing the Keypad

The drive is configured and its operation monitored via the keypad and display.

	NAVIGATE	Used to display real-time information, to access and exit parameter edit mode and to store parameter changes.	
	UP	Used to increase speed in real-time mode or to increase parameter values in parameter edit mode.	
\square	DOWN	Used to decrease speed in real-time mode or to decrease parameter values in parameter edit mode.	
\bigcirc	reset / stop	Used to reset a tripped drive. When in Keypad mode is used to Stop a running drive.	
	START	When in keypad mode, used to Start a stopped drive or to reverse the direction of rotation if bi-directional keypad mode is enabled.	

5.2. Operating Displays

StoP	H 50.0	E.S R	P 1.50	ISOO
$\textcircled{O} \Box$	$\langle \mathbf{R} \Delta \rangle$	$\langle \mathbf{R} \Delta \rangle$	\mathbb{Q}	$\langle \mathbf{R} \Delta \rangle$
$\bigcirc \nabla$				
Drive Stopped / Disabled	Drive is enabled / running, display	Press the Navigate key for < 1 second.	Press the Navigate key for < 1 second.	If P-10 > 0, pressing the Navigate key
	shows the output frequency (Hz)	The display will show the motor current (Amps)	The display will show the motor power (kW)	for < 1 second will display the motor speed (RPM)

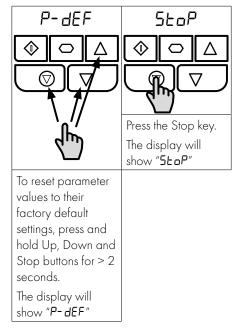
5.3. Changing Parameters

StoP	P-01	P-08	10	P-08	P-08
					$\langle \mathbf{R} \Delta \rangle$
Press and hold the Navigate key > 2 seconds	Use the up and down keys to select the required	Press the Navigate key for < 1 second	Adjust the value using the Up and Down keys	Press for < 1 second to return to the parameter menu	seconds to return to the operating
	parameter				display

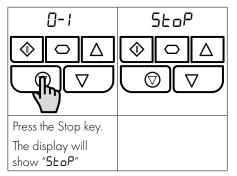
5.4. Read Only Parameter Access

StoP	P-00	P00-0 I	P00-08	330	StoP
Press and hold the Navigate key > 2 seconds	Use the up and down keys to select P-00	Press the Navigate key for < 1 second	Use the up and down keys to select the required Read Only parameter	Press the Navigate key for < 1 second to display the value	Press and hold the Navigate key > 2 seconds to return to the operating display

5.5. Resetting Parameters



5.6. Resetting a Fault



6. Parameters

6.1. Standard Parameters

	Descripti	on		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units	
P-01	Maximum Frequency / Speed Limit			P-02	500.0	50.0 (60.0)	Hz / RPA	
	Maximum	output frequency or motor speed limit – Hz or	RPM. If P-10 >(D, the value er	ntered / displaye	ed is in RPM.		
P-02	Minimum	n Frequency / Speed Limit		0.0	P-01	0.0	Hz / RPA	
	Minimum s	peed limit – Hz or RPM. If P-10 >0, the value	ayed is in RPN	1.				
P-03	Accelera	tion Ramp Time	0.00	600.0	5.0	S		
	Acceleratio	on ramp time from zero Hz / RPM to base free	quency (P-09) i	n seconds.				
P-04	Decelera	tion Ramp Time		0.00	600.0	5.0	S	
	Deceleratio	on ramp time from base frequency (P-09) to sta	om base frequency (P-09) to standstill in seconds. When set to 0.00, the value of P-2					
P-05		Mode / Mains Loss Response		0	4	0	-	
	Selects the stopping mode of the drive, and the behaviour in response to a loss of mains power supply during operation.							
	Setting	On Disable	s Loss					
	0	Ramp to Stop (P-O4)			nergy from load t	o maintain ope	ration)	
	1	Coast	Coast	<u></u>				
	2	Ramp to Stop (P-O4)	Fast Ramp t	ast Ramp to Stop (P-24), Coast if P-24 = 0				
	3	Ramp to Stop (P-O4) with AC Flux Braking		Fast Ramp to Stop (P-24), Coast if P-24 = 0				
	4	Ramp to Stop (P-O4)	No action					
P-06	Energy Optimiser			0	3	0	-	
		ad. It should not be used in applications with la	rge, sudden step	o changes in lo	oad or for PI cont		·	
	Optidrive E		rge, sudden step eat losses increa	o changes in lo Ising efficiency	ad or for PI contr however it may	ol applications. result in some vi	·	
	Optidrive E	ad. It should not be used in applications with la nergy Optimisation reduces the drive internal he	rge, sudden step eat losses increa is suited to Fan, F Optidrive	o changes in lo using efficiency Pump and Com	ad or for PI contr however it may	ol applications. result in some vi	·	
	Optidrive E motor durin	ad. It should not be used in applications with la inergy Optimisation reduces the drive internal he g light load operation. In general, this function i Motor Energy Optimisation Disabled	rge, sudden step eat losses increa 's suited to Fan, F Optidrive Disabled	o changes in lo using efficiency Pump and Com	bad or for PI contr however it may apressor applicat	ol applications. result in some vi	·	
	Optidrive E motor durin Setting 0 1	ad. It should not be used in applications with la inergy Optimisation reduces the drive internal he g light load operation. In general, this function i Motor Energy Optimisation Disabled Enabled	rge, sudden step eat losses increa is suited to Fan, F Optidrive Disabled Disabled	o changes in lo using efficiency Pump and Com	bad or for PI contr however it may apressor applicat	ol applications. result in some vi	·	
	Optidrive E motor durin O 1 2	ad. It should not be used in applications with la nergy Optimisation reduces the drive internal he g light load operation. In general, this function i Motor Energy Optimisation Disabled Enabled Disabled	rge, sudden step eat losses increa is suited to Fan, F Optidrive Disabled Disabled Enabled	o changes in lo using efficiency Pump and Com	bad or for PI contr however it may apressor applicat	ol applications. result in some vi	·	
	Optidrive E motor durin Setting 0 1	ad. It should not be used in applications with la inergy Optimisation reduces the drive internal he g light load operation. In general, this function i Motor Energy Optimisation Disabled Enabled	rge, sudden step eat losses increa is suited to Fan, F Optidrive Disabled Disabled	o changes in lo using efficiency Pump and Com	bad or for PI contr however it may apressor applicat	ol applications. result in some vi	·	
P-07	Optidrive E motor durin O 1 2 3	ad. It should not be used in applications with la nergy Optimisation reduces the drive internal he g light load operation. In general, this function i Motor Energy Optimisation Disabled Enabled Disabled	rge, sudden step eat losses increa is suited to Fan, F Optidrive Disabled Disabled Enabled Enabled	o changes in lo using efficiency Pump and Com	bad or for PI contr however it may apressor applicat	ol applications. result in some vi	·	
P-07	Optidrive E motor durin Setting 0 1 2 3 Motor Rc BLDC) For Inductio	ad. It should not be used in applications with la inergy Optimisation reduces the drive internal he ig light load operation. In general, this function i Motor Energy Optimisation Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Disabled Enabled Disab	rge, sudden step eat losses increa s suited to Fan, F Optidriva Disabled Enabled Enabled Enabled eed (PM /	o changes in Ic using efficiency Pump and Con E Energy Of O 0 tte) voltage of	250 / 500 the motor (Volts)	ol applications. result in some vil ons. 230 / 400	oration in the	
	Optidrive E motor durin O 1 2 3 Motor Rc BLDC) For Inductio For Perman	ad. It should not be used in applications with la inergy Optimisation reduces the drive internal he g light load operation. In general, this function i Motor Energy Optimisation Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Disabled Enabled Disable	rge, sudden step eat losses increa s suited to Fan, F Optidriva Disabled Enabled Enabled Enabled eed (PM /	o changes in Ic using efficiency Pump and Con E Energy Op E Energy Op O te) voltage of ack EMF at ra	250 / 500 the motor (Volts) ted speed.	230 / 400	v	
	Optidrive E motor durin Setting 0 1 2 3 Motor Rc BLDC) For Inductio For Perman Motor Rc	ad. It should not be used in applications with la Energy Optimisation reduces the drive internal he ig light load operation. In general, this function i Motor Energy Optimisation Disabled Enabled Enabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Enabled Enabled Disabled Ena	rge, sudden step eat losses increa s suited to Fan, F Disabled Disabled Enabled Enabled Peed (PM / rated (namepla be set to the Ba	o changes in Ic ising efficiency Pump and Con e Energy Of e Energy Of o te) voltage of ack EMF at ra Drive	250 / 500 the motor (Volts)	230 / 400	oration in the	
	Optidrive E motor durin Setting O 1 2 3 Motor Rc BLDC) For Inductio For Perman Motor Rc This param	ad. It should not be used in applications with la inergy Optimisation reduces the drive internal he g light load operation. In general, this function i Motor Energy Optimisation Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Enabled Disa	rge, sudden step eat losses increa s suited to Fan, F Disabled Disabled Enabled Enabled Peed (PM / rated (namepla be set to the Ba	o changes in Ic ising efficiency Pump and Con e Energy Of e Energy Of o te) voltage of ack EMF at ra Drive	250 / 500 the motor (Volts) ted speed.	230 / 400 ndent	v	
P-08	Optidrive E motor durin Setting 0 1 2 3 Motor Rc BLDC) For Inductio For Perman Motor Rc This param	ad. It should not be used in applications with la inergy Optimisation reduces the drive internal he ig light load operation. In general, this function i Motor Energy Optimisation Disabled Enabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Enabled Disabl	rge, sudden step eat losses increa s suited to Fan, F Disabled Enabled Enabled ed (PM / rated (namepla be set to the Ba rrent of the moto	o changes in Ic ising efficiency Pump and Con e Energy Of e Energy Of o te) voltage of ack EMF at ra Drive or. 10	250 / 500 the motor (Volts) ted speed.	230 / 400	v	
P-08	Optidrive E motor durin Setting 0 1 2 3 Motor Rc BLDC) For Inductio For Perman Motor Rc This param	ad. It should not be used in applications with la inergy Optimisation reduces the drive internal he g light load operation. In general, this function i Motor Energy Optimisation Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Enabled Disa	rge, sudden step eat losses increa s suited to Fan, F Disabled Enabled Enabled ed (PM / rated (namepla be set to the Ba rrent of the moto	o changes in Ic ising efficiency Pump and Con e Energy Op e Energy Op te) voltage of ack EMF at ra Drive or. 10 notor.	250 / 500 the motor (Volts) ted speed. 500	230 / 400 ndent	V Hz	
P-07 P-08 P-09 P-10	Optidrive E motor durin Setting 0 1 2 3 Motor Rc BLDC) For Inductio For Perman Motor Rc This param Motor Rc This param	ad. It should not be used in applications with la inergy Optimisation reduces the drive internal he ig light load operation. In general, this function i Motor Energy Optimisation Disabled Enabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Enabled Disabl	rge, sudden step eat losses increa s suited to Fan, F Disabled Enabled Enabled Enabled ted (PM / rated (namepla be set to the Ba rrent of the moto	o changes in Ic ising efficiency Pump and Con e Energy Of e Energy Of o te) voltage of ack EMF at ra Drive or. 10 notor. 0	and or for PI contributions of the matrix of	ol applications. result in some vil ons. 230 / 400 ndent 50 (60) 0	V A Hz RPM	

ar.	Descriptio	on			Minimum	Maximun	n Default	Units		
P-11	Low Freq	uency Toro	que Boost		0.0	Drive Dependen	Drive t Dependent	%		
		Low frequency torque can be improved by increasing this parameter. Excessive boost levels may however result in high motor current and increased risk of tripping on Over Current or Motor Overload (refer to section 10.1. Fault Code Messages).								
	This parameter operates in conjunction with P-51 (Motor Control Mode) as follows:									
	P-51 P-11									
	0	0 0 Boost is automatically calculated according to autotune data.								
			/oltage boost = P-11 x P-07.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		and linearly re	duced until P-09 /	′ 2.		
	1		/oltage boost = P-11 x P-07.	• • •		,				
	2, 3, 4, 5	2, 3, 4, 5 All Boost current level = 4*P-11*P-08.								
	conditions of the range sh Frame Size Frame Size	at approxima nown below. 1: 60 – 80% 2: 50 – 60%	1 = 0 or 1, a suitable setting tely 5Hz, and adjusting P-11 of motor rated current. of motor rated current. of motor rated current.							
	Frame Size	4 & 5: 35 -	45% of motor rated current.							
12	Primary (Command	Source		0	9	0	-		
	5: PI Cont 6: PI Anal 7: CAN Co 8: CAN Co 9: Slave N	 4: Modbus Network Control. Control via Modbus RTU (RS485) interface with Accel / Decel ramps updated via Modbus. 5: PI Control. User PI control with external feedback signal. 6: PI Analog Summation Control. PI control with external feedback signal and summation with analog input 1. 7: CAN Control. Control via CAN (RS485) using the internal Accel / Decel ramps. 8: CAN Control. Control via CAN (RS485) interface with Accel / Decel ramps updated via CAN. 9: Slave Mode. Control via a connected Invertek drive in Master Mode. Slave drive address must be > 1. NOTE When P-12 = 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8 or 9, an enable signal must still be provided at the control terminals, digital input 1. 								
13				signal musi silii be pr						
	Operating Mode Select 0 2 0 - Provides a quick set up to configure key parameters according to the intended application of the drive. Parameters are preset accordin to the table. 0: Industrial Mode. Intended for general purpose applications. 1: Pump Mode. Intended for centrifugal pump applications. 2: Fan Mode. Intended for Fan applications. 2: Fan Mode. Intended for Fan applications. 2: Fan Mode. Intended for Fan applications.									
	Setting	Applicati	ion Current Limit (P-54)	Torque Characteristic	Spin Sta		Thermal Overl Reaction (P-60			
	0	Genera	I 150%	Constant	0: 0	Off	0: Trip			
	1	Pump	110%	Variable	0: 0	Off	1: Current Limit	Reduction		
	2	Fan	110%	Variable	2: 0	On	1: Current Limit	Reduction		
14	Extended	Menu Acc	ess code		0	65535	0	_		
	Enables acc				-		•			

6.2. Extended Parameters

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units				
P-15	Digital Input Function Select	0	18	0	-				
	Defines the function of the digital inputs depending on the control mod Macro Configurations for more information.	e setting in P-12.	See section 7. A	nalog and Di	gital Input				
P-16	Analog Input 1 Signal Format	See E	Below	U0-10	-				
	U D- ID = Uni-polar 0 to 10 Volt Signal. The drive will remain at minim offset are applied is =<0.0%. 100% signal means the output frequency				scaling and				
	 b 0-10 = Uni-polar 0 to 10 Volt Signal, bi-directional operation. The direction of rotation if the analog reference after scaling and offset are volt signal, set P-35 = 200.0%, P-39 = 50.0%. R 0-20 = 0 to 20mA Signal. E 4-20 = 4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive will trip and show the faul r 4-20 = 4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive will run at Preset Speed 1 E 20-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the Optidrive will trip and show the fault 	e applied is <0.0 t code 4-2DF if (P-20 if the signc	%. E.g. for bidired the signal level fo I level falls belov	ctional contro Ills below 3m v 3mA.	A.				
			-						
	U ID-D = 10 to 0 Volt Signal (Uni-polar). The drive will operate at Ma	•							
	reference after scaling and offset are applied is =<0.0%.								
P-17	Maximum Effective Switching Frequency	4	32	8	kHz				
		Sets maximum effective switching frequency of the drive. If "rEd" is displayed when the parameter is viewed, the switching frequency has been reduced to the level in POO-32 due to excessive drive heatsink temperature.							
P-18	Output Relay Function Select	0	9	1	-				
	 0: Drive Enabled (Running). Logic 1 when the motor is enabled. 1: Drive Healthy. Logic 1 when power is applied to the drive and 2: At Target Frequency (Speed). Logic 1 when the output frequence 3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition. 4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequence 5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceed 6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below 8: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analog 9: Drive Ready to Run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, not 	no fault exists. ency matches the cy exceeds the ad- eds the adjustabl v is below the adj w the adjustable og input 2 exceed trip present.	djustable limit set e limit set in P- 19. ustable limit set ir limit set in P- 19. ds the adjustable l	in P-19. n P-19. imit set in P-19					
P-19	Relay Threshold Level	0.0	200.0	100.0	%				
	Adjustable threshold level used in conjunction with settings 4 to 8 of P-	18.							
P-20	Preset Frequency / Speed 1	-P-01	P-01	5.0	Hz / RPN				
P-21	Preset Frequency / Speed 2	-P-01	P-01	25.0	Hz / RPN				
P-22	Preset Frequency / Speed 3	-P-01	P-01	40.0	Hz / RPN				
P-23	Preset Frequency / Speed 4	-P-01	P-01	P-09	Hz / RPN				
	Preset Speeds / Frequencies selected by digital inputs depending on the setting of P-15. If P-10 = 0, the values are entered as Hz. If P-10 > 0, the values are entered as RPM. NOTE Changing the value of P-09 will reset all values to factory default settings.								
		0.00	600.0	0.00					
P-24	2nd Ramp Time (Fast Stop)				S				

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units					
P-25	Analog Output Function Select	0	11	8	-					
	Digital Output Mode. Logic 1 = +24V DC									
	0: Drive Enabled (Running). Logic 1 when the Optidrive is end	abled (Runnina).								
	1: Drive Healthy. Logic 1 When no Fault condition exists on the	•								
	2: At Target Frequency (Speed). Logic 1 when the output free		e setpoint freque	ency.						
	3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition.	,		/						
	4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency exceeds the adjustable limit set in P-19.									
	5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exc	ceeds the adjustab	ole limit set in P-19	7.						
	6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequen	cy is below the ac	ljustable limit set	in P-19.						
	7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is be	low the adjustable	e limit set in P-19.							
	Analog Output Mode									
	8: Output Frequency (Motor Speed). O to P-01, resolution O	.1 Hz.								
	9: Output (Motor) Current. 0 to 200% of P-08, resolution 0.1/	۹.								
	10: Output Power. 0 – 200% of drive rated power.									
	11: Load Current. 0 – 200% of P-08, resolution 0.1 A.									
P-26	Skip Frequency Hysteresis Band	0.0	P-01	0.0	Hz / RPM					
P-27	Skip Frequency Centre Point	0.0	P-01	0.0	Hz / RPM					
P-28	and is used in conjunction with P-26. The Optidrive output frequency P-04 respectively, and will not hold any output frequency within the within the band, the Optidrive output frequency will remain at the up	defined band. If th	e frequency refe							
	V/F Characteristic Adjustment Voltage		-	-	-					
P-29	V/F Characteristic Adjustment Voltage	0.0	P-09	0.0	Hz					
	This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at which the voltage set in P-29 is applied to the motor. Care must be taken to avoid overheating and damaging the motor when using this feature.									
P-30	Start Mode, Automatic Restart, Fire Mode Operation									
	Index 1: Start Mode & Automatic Restart	N/A	N/A	Edge-r	-					
	Selects whether the drive should start automatically if the enable input is present and latched during power on. Also configures the									
	Automatic Restart function. Edge-r: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start if Digital Input 1 remains closed. The Input must be closed after a									
	power on or reset to start the drive.									
	RULo-D: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will automatically start if Digital Input 1 is closed.									
	AULD- I TO AULD- 5: Following a trip, the drive will make up to 5 attempts to restart at 20 second intervals. The									
	numbers of restart attempts are counted, and if the drive fails to start on the final attempt, the drive will trip with a fault, and will require the user to manually reset the fault. The drive must be powered down to reset the counter.									
		ed down to reser it	ne counter.	1						
		_	_	-						
	Index 2: Fire Mode Input Logic	0	1	0	-					
	Index 2: Fire Mode Input Logic Defines the operating logic when a setting of P-15 is used which incl	udes Fire Mode, e	e.g. settings 15, 1		-					
	Index 2: Fire Mode Input Logic Defines the operating logic when a setting of P-15 is used which incl O: Normally Closed (NC) Input. Fire Mode active if input is o	udes Fire Mode, e pen.	e.g. settings 15, 1		-					
	Index 2: Fire Mode Input Logic Defines the operating logic when a setting of P-15 is used which incl	udes Fire Mode, e pen.	I e.g. settings 15, 1		-					
	Index 2: Fire Mode Input Logic Defines the operating logic when a setting of P-15 is used which incl O: Normally Closed (NC) Input. Fire Mode active if input is o	udes Fire Mode, e pen.	1 e.g. settings 15, 1		-					
	Index 2: Fire Mode Input Logic Defines the operating logic when a setting of P-15 is used which incl O: Normally Closed (NC) Input. Fire Mode active if input is o 1: Normally Open (NO) Input. Fire Mode active if input is clo	udes Fire Mode, e pen. osed.	1	6 & 17. O	-					
	Index 2: Fire Mode Input Logic Defines the operating logic when a setting of P-15 is used which incl O: Normally Closed (NC) Input. Fire Mode active if input is of 1: Normally Open (NO) Input. Fire Mode active if input is clo Index 3: Fire Mode Input Type Defines the input type when a setting of P-15 is used which includes O: Maintained Input. The drive will remain in Fire Mode, only a	udes Fire Mode, a pen. osed. Fire Mode, e.g. sa s long the fire mod	1 ettings 15, 16 & 1 le input signal re	6 & 17. 0 7.	- -					
	Index 2: Fire Mode Input Logic Defines the operating logic when a setting of P-15 is used which incl O: Normally Closed (NC) Input. Fire Mode active if input is of 1: Normally Open (NO) Input. Fire Mode active if input is clo Index 3: Fire Mode Input Type Defines the input type when a setting of P-15 is used which includes	udes Fire Mode, e pen. osed. Fire Mode, e.g. se s long the fire mod ading on Index 2 s	1 ettings 15, 16 & 1 de input signal re etting).	6 & 17. 0 7. mains	-					

	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units					
Par. P-31	Keypad Start Mode Select	0	7	1	-					
	This parameter is active only when operating in Keypad Control Mode (settings 0, 1, 4 or 5 are used, the Keypad Start and Stop keys are active, 2, 3, 6 and 7 allow the drive to be started from the control terminals dire	, and control term	ninals 1 and 2 m	ust be linked tog	ether. Settin					
	0: Minimum Speed, Keypad Start			, , 0						
	1: Previous Speed, Keypad Start									
	2: Minimum Speed, Terminal Enable									
	3: Previous Speed, Terminal Enable									
	4: Current Speed, Keypad Start									
	5: Preset Speed 4, Keypad Start									
	6: Current Speed, Terminal Start									
	7: Preset Speed 4, Terminal Start									
-32	DC Injection Configuration									
	Index 1: Duration	0.0	25.0	0.0	5					
	Index 2: DC Injection Mode	0	2	0	-					
	Index 1: Defines the time for which a DC current is injected into the n	notor. DC Injectio	on current level i	may be adjusted	d in P-59.					
	Index 2: Configures the DC Injection Function as follows:									
	0: DC Injection on Stop. DC is injected into the motor at the current level set in P-59 following a stop command, after the outp frequency has reduced to P-58 for the time set in Index 1.									
	NOTE If the drive is in Standby Mode prior to disable, the DC injection	on is disabled								
	NOTE If the drive is in Standby Mode prior to disable, the DC injection 1: DC Injection on Start. DC is injected into the motor at the curre the drive is enabled, prior to the output frequency ramping up. The output ensure the motor is at standstill prior to starting.	nt level set in P-5								
	1: DC Injection on Start. DC is injected into the motor at the curre the drive is enabled, prior to the output frequency ramping up. The output	nt level set in P-5 out stage remain	s active during t							
-33	1: DC Injection on Start. DC is injected into the motor at the curre the drive is enabled, prior to the output frequency ramping up. The output ensure the motor is at standstill prior to starting.	nt level set in P-5 out stage remain	s active during t							
P-33	 1: DC Injection on Start. DC is injected into the motor at the curre the drive is enabled, prior to the output frequency ramping up. The output ensure the motor is at standstill prior to starting. 2: DC Injection on Start & Stop. DC injection applied as both set 	nt level set in P-5 out stage remain ettings 0 and 1 a	s active during t bove.	his phase. This c						
-33	1: DC Injection on Start. DC is injected into the motor at the curre the drive is enabled, prior to the output frequency ramping up. The output ensure the motor is at standstill prior to starting. 2: DC Injection on Start & Stop. DC injection applied as both se Spin Start 0: Disabled 1: Enabled. When enabled, on start up the drive will attempt to dete	nt level set in P-5 out stage remain ettings 0 and 1 a 0 ermine if the moto	s active during t bove. 2 or is already rote	his phase. This c o ting, and will be	an be used					
9-33	1: DC Injection on Start. DC is injected into the motor at the currer the drive is enabled, prior to the output frequency ramping up. The output ensure the motor is at standstill prior to starting. 2: DC Injection on Start & Stop. DC injection applied as both set Spin Start 0: Disabled 1: Enabled. When enabled, on start up the drive will attempt to deter the motor from its current speed. A short delay may be observed when	nt level set in P-5 out stage remain ettings 0 and 1 a 0 ermine if the motors v	s active during t bove. 2 or is already rote which are not tur	his phase. This c o uting, and will be rning.	an be used - egin to con					
P-33	1: DC Injection on Start. DC is injected into the motor at the curre the drive is enabled, prior to the output frequency ramping up. The output ensure the motor is at standstill prior to starting. 2: DC Injection on Start & Stop. DC injection applied as both se Spin Start 0: Disabled 1: Enabled. When enabled, on start up the drive will attempt to deter the motor from its current speed. A short delay may be observed when 2: Enabled on Trip, Brown Out or Coast Stop. Spin start is or	nt level set in P-5 out stage remain ettings 0 and 1 a 0 ermine if the motors v	s active during t bove. 2 or is already rote which are not tur	his phase. This c o uting, and will be rning.	an be used - egin to con					
	1: DC Injection on Start. DC is injected into the motor at the curre the drive is enabled, prior to the output frequency ramping up. The output ensure the motor is at standstill prior to starting. 2: DC Injection on Start & Stop. DC injection applied as both see Spin Start 0: Disabled 1: Enabled. When enabled, on start up the drive will attempt to dete the motor from its current speed. A short delay may be observed when 2: Enabled on Trip, Brown Out or Coast Stop. Spin start is or disabled.	nt level set in P-5 out stage remain ettings 0 and 1 a 0 ermine if the motors starting motors v nly activated follo	s active during t bove. 2 or is already rote which are not tur pwing the events	his phase. This c o ating, and will be rning. s listed, otherwis	an be used - egin to con					
-33 -34	1: DC Injection on Start. DC is injected into the motor at the curre the drive is enabled, prior to the output frequency ramping up. The output ensure the motor is at standstill prior to starting. 2: DC Injection on Start & Stop. DC injection applied as both se Spin Start 0: Disabled 1: Enabled. When enabled, on start up the drive will attempt to deter the motor from its current speed. A short delay may be observed when 2: Enabled on Trip, Brown Out or Coast Stop. Spin start is or disabled. Brake Chopper Enable (Not Size 1)	nt level set in P-5 out stage remain ettings 0 and 1 a 0 ermine if the motors v	s active during t bove. 2 or is already rote which are not tur	his phase. This c o uting, and will be rning.	an be used - egin to con					
	1: DC Injection on Start. DC is injected into the motor at the curre the drive is enabled, prior to the output frequency ramping up. The output ensure the motor is at standstill prior to starting. 2: DC Injection on Start & Stop. DC injection applied as both set Spin Start 0: Disabled 1: Enabled. When enabled, on start up the drive will attempt to dete the motor from its current speed. A short delay may be observed when 2: Enabled on Trip, Brown Out or Coast Stop. Spin start is or disabled. Brake Chopper Enable (Not Size 1) 0: Disabled 1: Enabled With Software Protection. Brake chopper enabled	nt level set in P-5 out stage remain ettings 0 and 1 a o ermine if the motor starting motors v nly activated follo	s active during the bove. 2 bove is already rote which are not tur bowing the events 4	his phase. This c o ating, and will be rning. s listed, otherwis o	egin to con e it is					
	1: DC Injection on Start. DC is injected into the motor at the currer the drive is enabled, prior to the output frequency ramping up. The output ensure the motor is at standstill prior to starting. 2: DC Injection on Start & Stop. DC injection applied as both see Spin Start 0: Disabled 1: Enabled. When enabled, on start up the drive will attempt to deter the motor from its current speed. A short delay may be observed when 2: Enabled on Trip, Brown Out or Coast Stop. Spin start is or disabled. Brake Chopper Enable (Not Size 1) 0: Disabled	nt level set in P-5 out stage remain ettings 0 and 1 a 0 ermine if the motor starting motors v nly activated follo 0 d with software p	s active during the bove.	his phase. This c o ating, and will be rning. s listed, otherwis 0 200W continuo	egin to con e it is us rated					
	1: DC Injection on Start. DC is injected into the motor at the curre the drive is enabled, prior to the output frequency ramping up. The output ensure the motor is at standstill prior to starting. 2: DC Injection on Start & Stop. DC injection applied as both see Spin Start 0: Disabled 1: Enabled. When enabled, on start up the drive will attempt to dete the motor from its current speed. A short delay may be observed when 2: Enabled on Trip, Brown Out or Coast Stop. Spin start is or disabled. Brake Chopper Enable (Not Size 1) 0: Disabled 1: Enabled With Software Protection. Brake chopper enabled resistor. 2: Enabled Without Software Protection. Enables the internal	nt level set in P-5 out stage remain ettings 0 and 1 a 0 ermine if the motor starting motors v nly activated follo 0 d with software p l brake chopper	s active during the bove.	his phase. This c o uting, and will be rning. s listed, otherwis 0 200W continuo e protection. An	egin to con e it is us rated external					
	 1: DC Injection on Start. DC is injected into the motor at the curre the drive is enabled, prior to the output frequency ramping up. The output ensure the motor is at standstill prior to starting. 2: DC Injection on Start & Stop. DC injection applied as both see Spin Start O: Disabled 1: Enabled. When enabled, on start up the drive will attempt to dete the motor from its current speed. A short delay may be observed when 2: Enabled on Trip, Brown Out or Coast Stop. Spin start is or disabled. Brake Chopper Enable (Not Size 1) O: Disabled 1: Enabled With Software Protection. Brake chopper enabled resistor. 2: Enabled Without Software Protection. Enables the internat thermal protection device should be fitted. 3: Enabled With Software Protection. As setting 1, however the motor for the setting 1, however the setting 1. 	nt level set in P-5 out stage remain ettings 0 and 1 a 0 ermine if the motor starting motors v nly activated follo 0 d with software p I brake chopper ne Brake Chopper	s active during the bove.	his phase. This c o uting, and will be rning. s listed, otherwis 0 200W continuo e protection. An ed during a char	e it is external external us rated					
	 1: DC Injection on Start. DC is injected into the motor at the curre the drive is enabled, prior to the output frequency ramping up. The output ensure the motor is at standstill prior to starting. 2: DC Injection on Start & Stop. DC injection applied as both se Spin Start O: Disabled 1: Enabled. When enabled, on start up the drive will attempt to dete the motor from its current speed. A short delay may be observed when 2: Enabled on Trip, Brown Out or Coast Stop. Spin start is or disabled. Brake Chopper Enable (Not Size 1) O: Disabled 1: Enabled With Software Protection. Brake chopper enabled resistor. 2: Enabled With Software Protection. As setting 1, however the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation. 4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 2, however 	nt level set in P-5 out stage remain ettings 0 and 1 a 0 ermine if the motor starting motors v nly activated follo 0 d with software p I brake chopper ne Brake Chopper	s active during the bove.	his phase. This c o uting, and will be rning. s listed, otherwis 0 200W continuo e protection. An ed during a char	e it is external external					

Par.	Description	Minimum	Minimum Maximum Default Ur					
P-36	Serial Communications Configuration		See Below					
1 00	Index 1: Address	0	63	1	-			
	Index 2: Baud Rate	9.6	1000	115.2	kbps			
	Index 3: Communication loss protection	0	3000	t 3000	ms			
	This parameter has three sub settings used to configure the Modb	us RTU Serial Commu	nications. The S	ub Parameters o	are:			
	1st Index: Drive Address: Range: 0 – 63, default: 1.							
	 2nd Index: Baud Rate & Network type: Selects the bau communication port. For Modbus RTU: Baud rates 9.6, 19.2, 38.4, 57.6, 115.2 kbps ar For CAN: Baud rates 125, 250, 500 & 1000 kbps are available. 3rd Index: Watchdog Timeout: Defines the time for which the second seco	e available. he drive will operate	without receivin	g a valid comm				
	to Register 1 (Drive Control Word) after the drive has been enabl 100, 1000, or 3000 defines the time limit in milliseconds for oper means that the drive will coast stop (output immediately disabled)	ation. A 'É' suffix seled						
P-37	Access Code Definition	0	9999	101	-			
	Defines the access code which must be entered in P-14 to access	parameters above P-	14.					
-38	Parameter Access Lock	0	1	0	-			
	O: Unlocked. All parameters can be accessed and changed. 1: Locked. Parameter values can be displayed, but cannot be changed except P-38.							
p. 39	Analog Input 1 Offset	-500.0	500.0	0.0	%			
	operates in conjunction with P-35, and the resultant value can be							
	The resultant value is defined as a percentage, according to the fe POO-01 = (Applied Signal Level(%) - P-39) × P-35).	-						
P-40	POO-01 = (Applied Signal Level(%) - P-39) × P-35). Index 1: Display Scaling Factor	0.000	16.000	0.000	-			
9-40	POO-01 = (Applied Signal Level(%) - P-39) x P-35). Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source	0.000	3	0	-			
9-40	POO-01 = (Applied Signal Level(%) - P-39) x P-35). Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternative Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in	0.000 0 output unit scaled fro n PI Mode.	3 m either output f	0	- - Motor			
2-40	POO-01 = (Applied Signal Level(%) - P-39) x P-35). Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternative Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source volume	0.000 0 output unit scaled fro n PI Mode.	3 m either output f	0	- Motor			
P-40	POO-01 = (Applied Signal Level(%) - P-39) x P-35). Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternative Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in	0.000 0 output unit scaled from the s	3 m either output f s factor. M if P-10 > 0. , internally repre	0 frequency (Hz), essented as 0 - 7				
	POO-01 = (Applied Signal Level(%) - P-39) x P-35). Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternative Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source vol Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows: 0: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current valu 2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to analog	0.000 0 output unit scaled from the s	3 m either output f s factor. M if P-10 > 0. , internally repre	0 frequency (Hz), essented as 0 - 7				
	POO-01 = (Applied Signal Level(%) - P-39) × P-35). Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternative Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source vol Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows: 0: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current valu 2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to analog 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback selected	0.000 0 output unit scaled from the s	3 m either output f s factor. M if P-10 > 0. , internally repre- presented as 0 30.0	0 frequency (Hz), essented as 0 – 7 – 100.0%. 1.0	100.0%.			
-41	 POO-01 = (Applied Signal Level(%) - P-39) × P-35). Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternative Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source vol Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows: O: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if 1 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current valu 2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to analog 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback selected PI Controller Proportional Gain. 	0.000 0 output unit scaled from the s	3 m either output f s factor. M if P-10 > 0. , internally repre- presented as 0 30.0	0 frequency (Hz), essented as 0 – 7 – 100.0%. 1.0	100.0%.			
P-41	POO-01 = (Applied Signal Level(%) - P-39) × P-35). Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternative Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source vol Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows: 0: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if 1 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current valu 2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to analog 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback selected PI Controller Proportional Gain. Higher values provide a greater of in the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability.	0.000 0 output unit scaled from the scale s	3 m either output f s factor. M if P-10 > 0. , internally repre epresented as 0 30.0 utput frequency i 30.0	0 frequency (Hz), esented as 0 – – 100.0%. 1.0 in response to si 1.0	100.0%. – mall change			
-41 -42	 POO-01 = (Applied Signal Level(%) - P-39) × P-35). Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternative Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source vol Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows: O: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if 1 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current valu 2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to analog 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback selected PI Controller Proportional Gain. PI Controller Integral Time 	0.000 0 output unit scaled from the scale s	3 m either output f s factor. M if P-10 > 0. , internally repre epresented as 0 30.0 utput frequency i 30.0	0 frequency (Hz), esented as 0 – – 100.0%. 1.0 in response to si 1.0	100.0%. – mall change			
-41	POO-01 = (Applied Signal Level(%) - P-39) × P-35). Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternative Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source vol Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows: 0: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if 1 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current valu 2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to analog 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback selected PI Controller Proportional Gain. PI Controller Integral Time PI Controller Integral Time.	0.000 0 output unit scaled from the scale s	3 m either output f s factor. M if P-10 > 0. , internally repre epresented as 0 30.0 utput frequency i 30.0 where the over 3	0 frequency (Hz), essented as 0 – – 100.0%. 1.0 in response to si 1.0 all process resp 0	100.0%. - mall change 5			
-41 -42	 POO-01 = (Applied Signal Level(%) - P-39) × P-35). Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternative Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source vol Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows: O: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if I 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current valu 2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to analog 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback selected PI Controller Proportional Gain. PI Controller Integral Time PI Controller Integral Time. Larger values provide a more damped PI Controller Operating Mode 	0.000 0 output unit scaled from the scale of the s	3 m either output f s factor. M if P-10 > 0. , internally repre- presented as 0 30.0 utput frequency i 30.0 where the over 3 peed should inc	0 frequency (Hz), essented as 0 – 7 – 100.0%. 1.0 in response to si 1.0 all process resp 0 rease.	100.0%. - mall change 5			
-41 -42	POO-01 = (Applied Signal Level(%) - P-39) × P-35). Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternative Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source vol Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows: 0: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if 1 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current valu 2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to analog 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback selected PI Controller Proportional Gain. Higher values provide a greater of in the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability. PI Controller Integral Time PI Controller Operating Mode 0: Direct Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback sign 1: Inverse Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback sign 0, b	O.000 0 output unit scaled from PI Mode. ilue is multiplied by thi P-10 = 0, or motor RPI e (Amps). og input 2 signal level l by P-46, internally reference 0.0 change in the drive output of the motor spand drops, the motor spand drops, the motor up on restart from Standard S	3 m either output f s factor. M if P-10 > 0. , internally repre- epresented as 0 30.0 Utput frequency i 30.0 where the over 3 cover the over 3 cover should inc speed should c	0 frequency (Hz), esented as 0 – 1 – 100.0%. 1.0 in response to so 1.0 all process resp 0 rease. lecrease. is set to 100%.	100.0%. mall change s onds slowly -			
P-41 P-42 P-43	 POO-01 = (Applied Signal Level(%) - P-39) × P-35). Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternative Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source volendex 2: Defines the scaling source as follows: O: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if I 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current valu 2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to analog 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback selected PI Controller Proportional Gain. PI Controller Integral Time PI Controller Integral Time. Larger values provide a more damped PI Controller Operating Mode O: Direct Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback sign 1: Inverse Operation. Wake at Full Speed. As setting 0, b 3: Inverse Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting 0, b 	0.000 0 output unit scaled from PI Mode. ilue is multiplied by thi P-10 = 0, or motor RPI e (Amps). og input 2 signal level I by P-46, internally restrict the drive output on the drive output on restart from Stand drops, the motor spand drops, th	3 m either output 1 s factor. M if P-10 > 0. , internally represented as 0 30.0 utput frequency i 30.0 where the over 3 beed should inc speed should inc speed should inc	0 frequency (Hz), essented as 0 – 7 – 100.0%. 1.0 in response to si 1.0 all process resp 0 rease. lecrease. is set to 100%. ut is set to 100%.	100.0%. mall change s onds slowly -			
P-40 P-41 P-42 P-43	POO-01 = (Applied Signal Level(%) - P-39) × P-35). Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternative Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source vol Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows: 0: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current valu 2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to analog 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback selected PI Controller Proportional Gain. Higher values provide a greater of in the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability. PI Controller Integral Time PI Controller Operating Mode 0: Direct Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback sign 1: Inverse Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback sign 0, b 3: Inverse Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting 0, b 3: Inverse Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting 0, b	O.000 0 output unit scaled from PI Mode. ilue is multiplied by thi P-10 = 0, or motor RPI e (Amps). og input 2 signal level l by P-46, internally reference 0.0 change in the drive output of the motor spand drops, the motor spand drops, the motor up on restart from Standard S	3 m either output f s factor. M if P-10 > 0. , internally repre- epresented as 0 30.0 Utput frequency i 30.0 where the over 3 cover the over 3 cover should inc speed should c	0 frequency (Hz), esented as 0 – 1 – 100.0%. 1.0 in response to so 1.0 all process resp 0 rease. lecrease. is set to 100%.	100.0%. mall change s onds slowly -			
P-41 P-42 P-43	 POO-OI = (Applied Signal Level(%) - P-39) x P-35). Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternative Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source volocity of the signal level of PI feedback when operating in the scaling source as follows: O: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current value 2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to analog 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback selected PI Controller Proportional Gain. Higher values provide a greater of in the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability. PI Controller Integral Time PI Controller Integral Time. Larger values provide a more damped PI Controller Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback signal 1: Inverse Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback signal 0, b 3: Inverse Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting 0, b 3: Inverse Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting 0, p B 3: Inverse for the PID Reference / Setpoint. 	0.000 0 output unit scaled from PI Mode. ilue is multiplied by thi P-10 = 0, or motor RPI e (Amps). og input 2 signal level I by P-46, internally restrict the drive output on the drive output on restart from Stand drops, the motor spand drops, th	3 m either output 1 s factor. M if P-10 > 0. , internally represented as 0 30.0 utput frequency i 30.0 where the over 3 beed should inc speed should inc speed should inc	0 frequency (Hz), essented as 0 – 7 – 100.0%. 1.0 in response to si 1.0 all process resp 0 rease. lecrease. is set to 100%. ut is set to 100%.	100.0%. mall change s onds slowly -			
-41 -42 -43	POO-01 = (Applied Signal Level(%) - P-39) × P-35). Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternative Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source volocity of the second state	0.000 0 output unit scaled from the scale of the s	3 m either output f s factor. M if P-10 > 0. , internally repre- epresented as 0 30.0 utput frequency i 30.0 where the over 3 beed should inc speed should inc	0 frequency (Hz), essented as 0 – 7 – 100.0%. 1.0 in response to si 1.0 all process resp 0 rease. lecrease. is set to 100%. it is set to 100%. 0	100.0%. mall change s onds slowly -			
-41 -42 -43	 POO-OI = (Applied Signal Level(%) - P-39) x P-35). Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternative Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source volocity of the second se	0.000 0 output unit scaled from the scale of the s	3 m either output f s factor. M if P-10 > 0. , internally repre- epresented as 0 30.0 utput frequency i 30.0 where the over 3 beed should inc speed should inc	0 frequency (Hz), essented as 0 – 7 – 100.0%. 1.0 in response to si 1.0 all process resp 0 rease. lecrease. is set to 100%. it is set to 100%. 0	100.0%. mall change s onds slowly -			

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units				
P-46	PI Feedback Source Select	0	5	0	-				
	Selects the source of the feedback signal to be used by the PI controller.								
	0: Analog Input 2 (Terminal 4) Signal level readable in POO-O2.								
	1: Analog Input 1 (Terminal 6) Signal level readable in POO-01.								
	2: Motor Current Scaled as % of P-08.								
	3: DC Bus Voltage Scaled 0 – 1000 Volts = 0 – 100%.								
	4: Analog 1 – Analog 2 The value of Analog Input 2 is subtracted f limited to 0.	from Analog 1 t	o give a differer	ntial signal. The	value is				
	5: Largest (Analog 1, Analog 2) The larger of the two analog inp	out values is alw	ays used for PI f	eedback.					
P-47	Analog Input 2 Signal Format	-	-	-	U0-10				
	リロー ID = 0 to 10 Volt Signal.								
	$R \ D-2D = 0$ to 20mA Signal.								
	E 4-2□ = 4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive will trip and show the fault	code 4-20F if i	the signal level f	alls below 3mA	۹.				
	r 4-2□ = 4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive will run at Preset Speed 1 (F	P-20) if the sign	al level falls belo	ow 3mA.					
	E 20-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the Optidrive will trip and show the fault of	code 4-20F if t	he signal level fo	alls below 3mA					
	PEc-Eh = Use for motor thermistor measurement, valid with any setting of P-15 that has Input 3 as E-Trip. Trip level: 1.5kΩ, reset 1kΩ.								
P-48	Standby Mode Timer	0.0	60.0	0.0	S				
	When standby mode is enabled by setting P-48 > 0.0, the drive will enter standby following a period of operating at minimum speed (P-02) for the time set in P-48. When in Standby Mode, the drive display shows 5 <i>L</i> ndb4 , and the output to the motor is disabled.								
P-49	PI Control Wake Up Error Level 0.0 100.0 5.0 %								
	When the drive is operating in PI Control Mode (P-12 = 5 or 6), and Standby Mode is enabled (P-48 > 0.0), P-49 can be used to define the PI Error Level (E.g. difference between the setpoint and feedback) required before the drive restarts after entering Standby Mode. This allows the drive to ignore small feedback errors and remain in Standby mode until the feedback drops sufficiently.								
P-50	User Output Relay Hysteresis 0.0 100.0 %								
P-50	User Output Relay Hysteresis	0.0	100.0		,				

6.3. Advanced Parameters

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units					
P-51	Motor Control Mode	0	5	0	-					
	0: Vector speed control mode									
	1: V/f mode									
	2: PM motor vector speed control									
	3: BLDC motor vector speed control									
	4: Synchronous Reluctance motor vector speed control 5: LSPM motor vector speed control									
P-52	Motor Parameter Autotune	0	1	0	-					
	0: Disabled	•	•	•						
	1: Enabled. When enabled, the drive immediately measures require related parameters are correctly set first before enabling this parameter. This parameter can be used to optimise the performance when P-51 = Autotune is not required if P-51 = 1. For settings 2 – 5 of P-51, autotune MUST be carried out AFTER all of	er. O.			sure all motor					
P-53	Vector Mode Gain	0.0	200.0	50.0	%					
	Single Parameter for Vector speed loop tuning. Affects P & I terms simultaneously. Not active when P-51 = 1.									
P-54	Maximum Current Limit	0.0	175.0	150.0	%					
	Defines the max current limit in vector control modes									
P-55	Motor Stator Resistance	0.00	655.35	-	Ω					
	Motor stator resistance in Ohms. Determined by Autotune, adjustment	is not normally re	equired.							
P-56	Motor Stator d-axis Inductance (Lsd)	0.00	655.35	-	mH					
	Determined by Autotune, adjustment is not normally required.									
P-57	Motor Stator q-axis Inductance (Lsq)	0.00	655.35	-	mH					
	Determined by Autotune, adjustment is not normally required.									
P-58	DC Injection Speed	0.0	P-01	0.0	Hz / RPA					
	Sets the speed at which DC injection current is applied during braking zero speed if desired.	to Stop, allowin	g DC to be injec	ted before the	drive reache					
P-59	DC Injection Current	0.0	100.0	20.0	%					
	Sets the level of DC injection braking current applied according to the	conditions set in	P-32 and P-58.							
P-60	Motor Overload Management	-	-	-	-					
	Index 1: Thermal Overload Retention	0	1	1	1					
	O: Disabled 1: Enabled. When enabled, the drive calculated motor overload protection information is retained after the mains power is removed from the drive.									
	Index 2: Thermal Overload Limit Reaction	0	1	1	1					
	O: It.trp. When the overload accumulator reaches the limit, the drive 1: Current Limit Reduction. When the overload accumulator reaction 100% of P-08 in order to avoid an It.trp. The current limit will return to the	ches 90% of, the	output current lim	nit is internally r						

6.4. P	-00 Read	Only Status	Parameters
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Par.	Description	Explanation
P00-01	1 st Analog input value (%)	100% = max input voltage
P00-02	2nd Analog input value (%)	100% = max input voltage
P00-03	Speed reference input (Hz / RPM)	Displayed in Hz if P-10 = 0, otherwise RPM
P00-04	Digital input status	Drive digital input status
P00-05	User Pl output (%)	Displays value of the User PI output
P00-06	DC bus ripple (V)	Measured DC bus ripple
P00-07	Applied motor voltage (V)	Value of RMS voltage applied to motor
P00-08	DC bus voltage (V)	Internal DC bus voltage
P00-09	Heatsink temperature (°C)	Temperature of heatsink in °C
P00-10	Run time since date of manuf. (Hours)	Not affected by resetting factory default parameters
P00-11	Run time since last trip (1) (Hours)	Run-time clock stopped by drive disable (or trip), reset on next enable only if a trip occurred. Reset also on next enable after a drive power down
P00-12	Run time since last trip (2) (Hours)	Run-time clock stopped by drive disable (or trip), reset on next enable only if a trip occurred (under-volts not considered a trip) – not reset by power down / power up cycling unless a trip occurred prior to power down
P00-13	Trip Log	Displays most recent 4 trips with time stamp
P00-14	Run time since last enable, HH:MM:SS	Run-time clock stopped on drive disable, value reset on next enable
P00-15	DC bus voltage log (V)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 256ms sample time
P00-16	Heatsink temperature log (°C)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 30s sample time
P00-17	Motor current log (A)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 256ms sample time
P00-18	DC bus ripple log (V)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 22ms sample time
P00-19	Internal drive temperature log (°C)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 30 s sample time
P00-20	Internal drive temperature (°C)	Actual internal ambient temperature in °C
P00-21	CAN process data input	Incoming process data (RX PDO1) for CAN: PI1, PI2, PI3, PI4
P00-22	CAN process data output	Outgoing process data (TX PDO1) for CAN: PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4
P00-23	Accumulated time with heatsink > 85°C (Hours)	Total accumulated hours and minutes of operation above heatsink temp of 85°C
P00-24	Accumulated time with drive internal temp > 80°C (Hours)	Total accumulated hours and minutes of operation with drive internal ambient above 80°C
P00-25	Estimated rotor speed (Hz)	In vector control modes, estimated rotor speed in Hz
P00-26	kWh meter / MWh meter	Total number of kWh / MWh consumed by the drive
P00-27	Total run time of drive fans (Hours)	Time displayed in hh:mm:ss. First value displays time in hrs, press up to display mm:ss
P00-28	Software version and checksum	Version number and checksum. "1" on LH side indicates I/O processor, "2" indicates power stage
P00-29	Drive type identifier	Drive rating, drive type and software version codes
P00-30	Drive serial number	Unique drive serial number
P00-31	Motor current Id / Iq	Displays the magnetising current (Id) and torque current (Iq). Press UP to show Iq
P00-32	Actual PWM switching frequency (kHz)	Actual switching frequency used by drive
P00-33	Critical fault counter – O-I	These parameters log the number of times specific faults or errors occur, and are
P00-34	Critical fault counter – O-Volts	useful for diagnostic purposes
P00-35	Critical fault counter – U-Volts	
P00-36	Critical fault counter – O-temp (h/sink)	
P00-37	Critical fault counter – b O-I (chopper)	
P00-38	Critical fault counter – O-hEAt (control)	
P00-39	Modbus comms error counter	
P00-40	CANbus comms error counter	
P00-41	I/O processor comms errors	
P00-42	Power stage uC comms errors	
P00-43	Drive power up time (life time) (Hours)	Total lifetime of drive with power applied
P00-44	Phase U current offset & ref	Internal value
P00-45	Phase V current offset & ref	Internal value
P00-46	Phase W current offset & ref	Internal value
P00-47	Index 1: Fire mode total active time Index 2: Fire Mode Activation Count	Total activation time of Fire Mode Displays the number of times Fire Mode has been activated
P00-48	Scope channel 1 & 2	Displays signals for first scope channels 1 & 2
P00-49	Scope channel 3 & 4	Displays signals for first scope channels 3 & 4

7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations

7.1. Overview

Optidrive E3 uses a Macro approach to simplify the configuration of the Analog and Digital Inputs. There are two key parameters which determine the input functions and drive behaviour:

P-12 Selects the main drive control source and determines how the output frequency of the drive is primarily controlled.

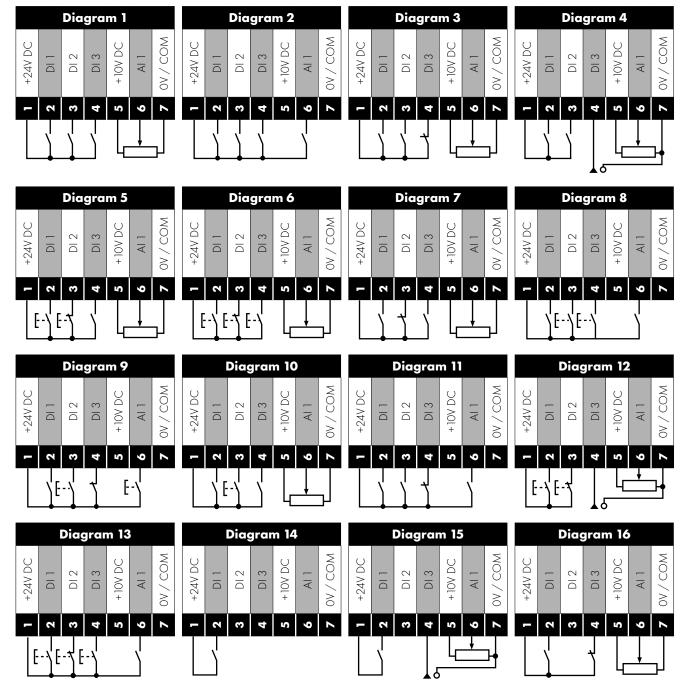
P-15 Assigns the Macro function to the analog and digital inputs.

Additional parameters can then be used to further adapt the settings, e.g.

- P-16 Used to select the format of the analog signal to be connected to analog input 1, e.g. 0 10 Volt, 4 20mA.
- P-30 Determines whether the drive should automatically start following a power on if the Enable Input is present.
- P-31 When Keypad Mode is selected, determines at what output frequency / speed the drive should start following the enable command, and also whether the keypad start key must be pressed or if the Enable input alone should start the drive.
- P-47 Used to select the format of the analog signal to be connected to analog input 2, e.g. 0 10 Volt, 4 20mA.

7.2. Example Connection Diagrams

The diagrams below provide an overview of the functions of each terminal macro function, and a simplified connection diagram for each.



7.3. Macro Functions Guide Key

The table below should be used as a key on the following pages.

Function	Explanation
STOP	Latched Input, Open the contact to STOP the drive
RUN	Latched input, Close the contact to Start, the drive will operate as long as the input is maintained
FWD'	Latched Input, selects the direction of motor rotation FORWARD
REVÚ	Latched Input, selects the direction of motor rotation REVERSE
RUN FWD	Latched Input, Close to Run in the FORWARD direction, Open to STOP
RUN REV ଓ	Latched Input, Close to Run in the REVERSE direction, Open to STOP
ENABLE	Hardware Enable Input.
	In Keypad Mode, P-31 determines whether the drive immediately starts, or the keypad start key must be pressed.
	In other modes, this input must be present before the start command is applied via the fieldbus interface.
START Ĵ	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to START the drive (NC STOP Input must be maintained)
^- START -^	Simultaneously applying both inputs momentarily will START the drive (NC STOP Input must be maintained)
STOP↓	Normally Closed, Falling Edge, Open momentarily to STOP the drive
STARTĴFWDÙ	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to START the drive in the forward direction (NC STOP Input must be maintained)
STARTĴREVŮ	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to START the drive in the reverse direction (NC STOP Input must be maintained)
^-FAST STOP (P-24)-^	When both inputs are momentarily active simultaneously, the drive stops using Fast Stop Ramp Time P-24
FAST STOP↓ (P-24)	Normally Closed, Falling Edge, Open momentarily to FAST STOP the drive using Fast Stop Ramp Time P-24
E-TRIP	Normally Closed, External Trip input. When the input opens momentarily, the drive trips showing <i>E-tr P</i> or <i>Ptc-th</i> depending on P-47 setting
Fire Mode	Activates Fire Mode
Analog Input AI1	Analog Input 1, signal format selected using P-16
Analog Input AI2	Analog Input 2, signal format selected using P-47
AI1 REF	Analog Input 1 provides the speed reference
AI2 REF	Analog Input 2 provides the speed reference
P-xx REF	Speed reference from the selected preset speed
PR-REF	Preset speeds P-20 – P-23 are used for the speed reference, selected according to other digital input status
PI-REF	PI Control Speed Reference
PI FB	Analog Input used to provide a Feedback signal to the internal PI controller
KPD REF	Keypad Speed Reference selected
FB REF	Selected speed reference from Fieldbus (Modbus RTU / CAN Open / Master depending on P-12 setting)
(NO)	Input is Normally Open, Close momentarily to activate the function
(NC)	Input is Normally Closed, Open momentarily to activate the function
INC SPD 1	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to increase the motor speed by value in P-20
DEC SPD↓	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to decrease the motor speed by value in P-20

P-15		DI1	D	12	DI3	/ AI2	DI4 / AI1		Diagram	
	0	1	0	1	0	1	0		1	
0	STOP	run	FWD ပ	rev U	AI1 REF	P-20 REF	An	alog Inp	ut Al 1	1
1	STOP	run	AI1 REF	PR-REF	P-20	P-21		alog Inp		1
2	STOP	run	DI2	DI3		PR	P-20 - F	P-23	P-01	2
			0	0	P-	-20				
			1	0	P	-21				
			0]	P.	-22				
			1	1	P	-23				
3	Stop	run	AI 1	P-20 REF	E-TRIP	ОК	An	alog Inp	ut Al 1	3
4	STOP	run	AI 1	Al2	Analog	Input AI2	An	alog Inp	ut Al 1	4
5	STOP	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV U	AII	P-20 REF	An	alog Inp	ut Al 1	1
		^FA	AST STOP (P-2							
6	Stop	run	FWD 🕐	REV 🗸	E-TRIP	OK	An	alog Inp	ut Al 1	3
7	Stop	RUN FWD	STOP	RUN REV 🗸	E-TRIP	OK	An	alog Inp	ut Al 1	3
			AST STOP (P-2	() ()						
8	STOP	RUN	FWD U	REV	DI3	DI4		PR		2
•	SIOP	KUIN	FVVDO	KEV	0	0		PR P-20		Z
					1	0		P-21		
					0	1		P-22		
					1	1		P-23		
9	STOP	START FWD	STOP	START REV	DI3	DI4		PR		2
-	0101	U U	0101	U U	BIO			ΠK		2
		^FA	AST STOP (P-2	4)^	0	0	P-20			
					1	0		P-21		
					0	1		P-22		
					1	1		P-23		
10	(NO)	START 1	STOP	(NC)	AI1 REF	P-20 REF		alog Inp		5
11	(NO)	Start 1 FWD U	STOP	(NC)	(NO)	START 1 REV 0	An	alog Inp	ut AI I	6
		^		AST STOP (P-24		^				
12	STOP	run	FAST STOP (P-24)	ОК	AI1 REF	P-20 REF		alog Inp		7
13	(NO)	START FWD	STOP	(NC)	(NO)	START REV	KPD R	REF	P-20 REF	13
		<u>ں</u>	C	AST STOP (P-24	1)	U ^				
14	STOP	RUN		12 ASI SIOF (F-22	E-TRIP	ок	DI2	DI4	PR	11
	0101	KOTA	U	12	EINI		0	0	P-20	
							1	0	P-21	
							0	1	P-22	
							1	1	P-23	
15	STOP	run	P-23 REF	AI1	Fire	Mode		alog Inp	1	1
16	STOP	RUN	P-23 REF	P-21 REF		Mode	FWE		REV	2
17	STOP	run		12		Mode	DI2	DI4	PR	2
							0	0	P-20	
							1	0	P-21	
							0	1	P-22	
							1	1	P-23	
18	STOP	run	FWD U	REV U	Fire	Mode	An	alog Inp	ut Al 1	1

7.4. Macro Functions - Terminal Mode (P-12 = 0)

7.5. Macı	o Functions ·	· Keypad Mo	de (P-12 = 1 or 2)	

		DI1	D	012	DI3	/ AI2	DI4 / AI 1		Diagram
P-15	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	
0	Stop	enable	-	INC SPD 🕇	-	DEC SPD 🤉	FWD ひ	rev U	8
				^	START	^			
1	Stop	ENABLE			PI Speed	Reference			2
2	Stop	ENABLE	-	INC SPD 1	-	DEC SPD 🤉	KPD REF	P-20 REF	8
				^	START	^			
3	Stop	enable	-	INC SPD 1	E-TRIP	OK	-	DEC SPD 🤉	9
				^		START		^	
4	Stop	ENABLE	-	INC SPD 1	KPD REF	AI1 REF	A	11	10
5	Stop	ENABLE	FWD U	REV 🗸	KPD REF	AI1 REF	A	11	1
6	Stop	ENABLE	FWD ひ	REV 🗸	E-TRIP	ОК	KPD REF	P-20 REF	11
7	Stop	run fwd	STOP	RUN REV 🗸	E-TRIP	OK	KPD REF	P-20 REF	11
		^FA	ST STOP (P-24	4)^					
8	Stop	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV 🗸	KPD REF	AI1 REF	A	11	1
14	STOP	RUN	-	INC SPD 1	E-TRIP	ОК	-	DEC SPD 🤉	
15	STOP	RUN	PR REF	KPD REF	Fire	Mode	P-23	P-21	2
16	Stop	RUN	P-23 REF	KPD REF	Fire	Mode	FWD ひ	rev 🗸	2
17	Stop	run	KPD REF	P-23 REF	Fire	Mode	FWD ひ	REV U	2
18	Stop	RUN	AI1 REF	KPD REF	Fire	Mode	A	41	1
			9, 10,	11, 12, 13 = B	ehavior as j	per setting 0			

When P15=4 in keypad mode, DI2 &DI4 are edge triggered. Digital pot speed will be increased or decreased once for each rising edge. The step of each speed change is defined by the absolute value of Pre-set Speed 1 (P-20). NOTE

Speed change only happens during normal running condition (no stop command etc.). Digital pot will be adjusted between minimum speed (P-02) and maximum speed (P-01).

7.6. Macro Functions - Fieldbus Control Mode (P-12 = 3, 4, 7, 8 or 9)

	DI1		DI2		DI3 / AI2		DI4 / AI1		Diagram	
P-15	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1		
0	STOP	enable	FB RE	F (Fieldbus Spe		Modbus RTU / d by P- 12)	CAN / Master	14		
1	STOP	enable			PI Speec	Reference			15	
3	STOP	enable	FB REF	P-20 REF	E-TRIP	ОК	Analog I	nput Al 1	3	
5	STOP	enable	FB REF	PR REF	P-20	P-21	Analog I	nput Al 1	1	
		^START	(P-12 = 3 or 4	Only)^						
6	STOP	enable	FB REF	AI1 REF	E-TRIP	OK	Analog I	Analog Input Al 1		
		^START	(P-12 = 3 or 4)	Only)^						
7	STOP	enable	FB REF	KPD REF	E-TRIP	OK	Analog I	nput Al 1	3	
		^START	(P-12 = 3 or 4	Only)^						
14	STOP	enable	-	-	E-TRIP	OK	Analog I	nput Al 1	16	
15	STOP	enable	PR REF	FB REF	Fire	Mode	P-23	P-21	2	
16	STOP	enable	P-23 REF	FB REF	Fire Mode Analog Input AI 1		nput Al 1	1		
17	STOP	enable	FB REF	P-23 REF	Fire	Mode	Analog I	nput Al 1	1	
18	STOP	enable	AI1 REF	FB REF	Fire	Mode	Analog I	nput Al 1	1	
			2, 4, 8, 9,	10, 11, 12, 13	8 = Behavior	as per settin	g 0			

	DI1		DI2		DI3 / AI2		DI4 / AI 1		Diagram
P-15	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	
0	Stop	enable	PI REF	P-20 REF	A	412	Al		4
1	Stop	enable	PI REF	AI1 REF	Al2	(PI FB)	Al		4
3, 7	STOP	enable	PI REF	P-20	E-TRIP	ОК	AI1 (P	FB)	3
4	(NO)	START	(NC)	STOP	Al2	(PI FB)	Al		12
5	(NO)	START	(NC)	STOP	PI REF	P-20 REF	AI1 (P	FB)	5
6	(NO)	START	(NC)	STOP	E-TRIP	ОК	AI1 (P	FB)	
8	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV 🗸	Al2	(PI FB)	Al		4
14	STOP	run	-	-	E-TRIP	ОК	AI1 (P	FB)	16
15	STOP	RUN	P-23 REF	PI REF	Fire	Mode	AI1 (P	FB)	1
16	STOP	RUN	P-23 REF	P-21 REF	Fire	Mode	AI1 (P	FB)	1
17	STOP	RUN	P-21 REF	P-23 REF	Fire	Mode	AI1 (P	FB)	1
18	STOP	run	AI1 REF	PI REF	Fire	Mode	AII (P	FB)	1
		1	2, 9, 10	, 11, 12, 13 =	Behavior as	per setting 0			L
	P1 Setno	int source is s	elected by P	44 (default	is fixed valu	e in P-45, Al 1	may also be	selected	n.

P1 Setpoint source is selected by P-44 (default is fixed value in P-45, AI 1 may also be selected). P1 Feedback source is selected by P-46 (default is AI 2, other options may be selected).

7.8. Fire Mode

The Fire Mode function is designed to ensure continuous operation of the drive in emergency conditions until the drive is no longer capable of sustaining operation. The Fire Mode input may be a normally open (Close to Activate Fire Mode) or Normally Closed (Open to Activate Fire Mode) according to the setting of P-30 Index 2. In addition, the input may be momentary or maintained type, selected by P-30 Index 3.

This input may be linked to a fire control system to allow maintained operation in emergency conditions, e.g. to clear smoke or maintain air quality within that building.

The fire mode function is enabled when P-15 = 15, 16 or 17, with Digital Input 3 assigned to activate fire mode.

Fire Mode disables the following protection features in the drive:

D-L (Heat-sink Over-Temperature), U-L (Drive Under Temperature), Lh-FLL (Faulty Thermistor on Heat-sink), E-Lr ,P (External Trip), 4-20 F (4-20mA fault), Ph-1 b (Phase Imbalance), P-Lo55 (Input Phase Loss Trip), 5C-LrP (Communications Loss Trip), 1_L-LrP (Accumulated overload Trip).

The following faults will result in a drive trip, auto reset and restart:

D-uoLE (Over Voltage on DC Bus), U-uoLE (Under Voltage on DC Bus), H D-I (Fast Over-current Trip), D-I (Instantaneous over current on drive output), DUE-F (Drive output fault, Output stage trip).

8. Modbus RTU Communications

8.1. Introduction

The Optidrive E3 can be connected to a Modbus RTU network via the RJ45 connector on the front of the drive.

8.2. Modbus RTU Specification

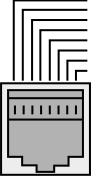
Protocol	Modbus RTU
Error check	CRC
Baud rate	9600bps, 19200bps, 38400bps, 57600bps, 115200bps (default)
Data format	1 start bit, 8 data bits, 1 stop bits, no parity
Physical signal	RS 485 (2-wire)
User interface	RJ45
Supported Function Codes	03 Read Multiple Holding Registers 06 Write Single Holding Register 16 Write Multiple Holding Registers (Supported for registers 1 – 4 only)

8.3. RJ45 Connector Configuration

For full MODBUS RTU register map information please refer to your Invertek Drives Sales Partner. Local contacts can be found by visiting our website:

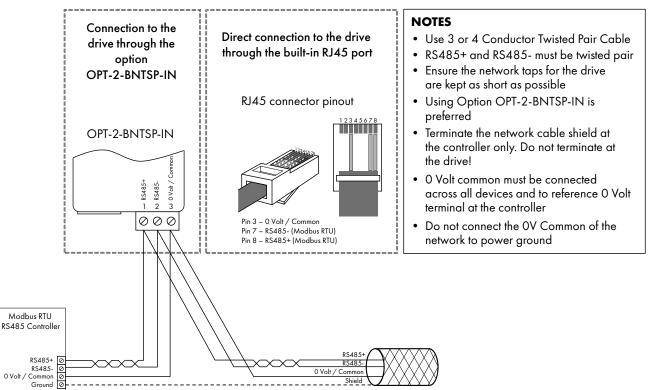
www.invertekdrives.com

When using MODBUS control the Analog and Digital Inputs can be configured as shown in section 7.6. Macro Functions - Fieldbus Control Mode (P-12 = 3, 4, 7, 8 or 9).



1	CAN -					
2	CAN +					
3	0 Volts					
4	-RS485 (PC)					
5	+RS485 (PC)					
6	+24 Volt					
7	-RS485 (Modbus RTU)					
8	+RS485 (Modbus RTU)					
We	Warnina: This is not an Ethernet connection.					

Warning: This is not an Ethernet connection. Do not connect directly to an Ethernet port.



8

8.4. Modbus Register Map

Register	Par.	Туре		pport tion C		Fun	ction	Range	Explanation	
Number			03	06	16	Low Byte	High Byte			
1	-	R/W	~	~	v	Drive Contr	ol Command	03	16 Bit Word. Bit 0: Low = Stop, High = Run Enable Bit 1: Low = Decel Ramp 1 (P-04), High = Decel Ramp 2 (P-24) Bit 2: Low = No Function, High = Fault Reset Bit 3: Low – No Function, High = Coast Stop Request	
2	-	R/W	~	~	~	Modbus Speed reference setpoint		05000	Setpoint frequency x10, e.g. 100 = 10.0Hz	
4	-	R/W	~	~	~		ation and ation Time	060000	Ramp time in seconds x 100, e.g. 250 = 2.5 seconds	
6	-	R	v			Error code	Drive status		Low Byte = Drive Error Code, see section 10.1. Fault Code Messages High Byte = Drive Status as follows: O: Drive Stopped 1: Drive Running 2: Drive Tripped	
7		R	~			Output Motor Frequency		020000	Output frequency in Hz x10, e.g. 100 = 10.0Hz	
8		R	~			Output M	otor Current	0480	Output Motor Current in Amps x 10, e.g. 10 = 1.0 Amps	
11	-	R	~			Digital input status		015	Indicates the status of the 4 digital inputs Lowest Bit = 1 Input 1	
20	POO-01	R	~			Analog In	put 1 value	01000	Analog input % of full scale x10, e.g. 1000 = 100%	
21	P00-02	R	~			Analog In	put 2 value	01000	Analog input % of full scale x10, e.g. 1000 = 100%	
22	P00-03	R	~			Speed Reference Value		01000	Displays the setpoint frequency $\times 10$, e.g. $100 = 10.0$ Hz	
23	P00-08	R	~			DC bus	s voltage	01000	DC Bus Voltage in Volts	
24	P00-09	R	~			Drive ter	mperature	0100	Drive heatsink temperature in °C	

All user configurable parameters are accessible as Holding Registers, and can be Read from or Written to using the appropriate Modbus command. The Register number for each parameter P-04 to P-60 is defined as 128 + Parameter number, e.g. for parameter P-15, the register number is 128 + 15 = 143. Internal scaling is used on some parameters, for further details please contact your Invertek Drives Sales Partner.

9. Technical Data

9.1. Environmental

Operational ambient temperature range	Open Drives	:	-10 50°C (frost and condensation free)
Storage ambient temperature range		:	-40 60°C
Maximum altitude		:	2000m. Derate above 1000m: 1% / 100m
Maximum humidity		:	95%, non-condensing
		0.1.1	

NOTE For UL compliance: the average ambient temperature over a 24 hour period for 200-240V, 2.2kW and 3HP, IP20 drives is 45°C.

9.2. Rating Tables

Frame Size	kW	HP	P Input Current	Fuse / MC	Fuse / MCB (Type B)		um Cable ize	Output Current	Recommended Brake Resistance
				Non UL	UL	mm	AWG	Α	Ω
10 - 115 (+	- / - 10%) V 1 Ph	ase Input, 2	30V 3 Phase	Output (Vo	ltage Dou	bler)		
1	0.37	0.5	7.8	10	10	8	8	2.3	-
1	0.75	1	15.8	25	20	8	8	4.3	-
2	1.1	1.5	21.9	32	30	8	8	5.8	100
200 - 240	(+ / - 10%	%) V 1 P	hase Input,	3 Phase Out	put				
1	0.37	0.5	3.7	10	6	8	8	2.3	-
1	0.75	1	7.5	10	10	8	8	4.3	-
1	1.5	2	12.9	16	17.5	8	8	7	-
2	1.5	2	12.9	16	17.5	8	8	7	100
2	2.2	3	19.2	25	25	8	8	10.5	50
3	4	5	29.2	40	40	8	8	15.3	25
00 - 240 ((+ / - 10%	%) V 3 P	hase Input,	3 Phase Out	put				
1	0.37	0.5	3.4	6	6	8	8	2.3	-
1	0.75	1	5.6	10	10	8	8	4.3	-
1	1.5	2	9.5	16	15	8	8	7	-
2	1.5	2	8.9	16	15	8	8	7	100
2	2.2	3	12.1	16	17.5	8	8	10.5	50
3	4	5	20.9	32	30	8	8	18	25
3	5.5	7.5	26.4	40	35	8	8	24	20
4	7.5	10	33.3	40	45	16	5	30	15
4	11	15	50.1	63	70	16	5	46	10
5	15	20	54.6	80	70	25	2	61	10
5	18.5	25	64.8	80	80	25	2	72	10
80 - 480 ((+ / - 10%	%)V 3 Pł	nase Input, 3	B Phase Outp	out				
1	0.37	0.5	1.7	6	6	8	8	1.2	-
1	0.75	1	3.5	6	6	8	8	2.2	-
1	1.5	2	5.6	10	10	8	8	4.1	-
2	1.5	2	5.6	10	10	8	8	4.1	250
2	2.2	3	7.5	16	10	8	8	5.8	200
2	4	5	11.5	16	15	8	8	9.5	120
3	5.5	7.5	17.2	25	25	8	8	14	100
3	7.5	10	21.2	32	30	8	8	18	80
3	11	15	27.5	40	35	8	8	24	50
4	15	20	34.2	40	45	16	5	30	30
4	18.5	25	44.1	50	60	16	5	39	22
4	22	30	51.9	63	70	16	5	46	22
5	30	40	56.3	80	70	25	2	61	15
5	37	50	67.6	100	90	25	2	72	12

Technical Data

NOTE Cable sizes shown are the maximum possible that may be connected to the drive. Cables should be selected according to local wiring codes or regulations at the point of installation.

9.3. Single Phase Operation of Three Phase Drives

All drive models intended for operation from three phase mains power supply (e.g. model codes ODE-3-xxxxx-3xxx) may be operated from a single phase supply at up to 50% of maximum rated output current capacity.

In this case, the AC power supply should be connected to L1 (L) and L2 (N) power connection terminals only.

9.4. Additional Information for UL Compliance

Optidrive E3 is designed to meet the UL requirements. For an up to date list of UL compliant products, please refer to UL listing NMMS.E226333. In order to ensure full compliance, the following must be fully observed.

Supply Voltage	200 – 240 RMS Volts for 230 Volt rated units, + /- 10% variation allowed. 240 Volt RMS Maximum.									
	380 – 480 Volts for 400 Volt rated units, + / - 10% variation allowed, Maximum 500 Volts RMS.									
Imbalance	Maximum 3% voltage variation between phase – phase voltages allowed.									
	All Optidrive E3 units have phase imbalance monitoring. A phase imbalance of > 3% will result in the drive tripping. For inpu supplies which have supply imbalance greater than 3% (typically the Indian sub-continent & parts of Asia Pacific including China) Invertek Drives recommends the installation of input line reactors.									
Frequency	50 – 60Hz + / - 5% Variation									
Short Circuit	Voltage Rating		Maximum suppl	y short-circuit current						
Capacity	voliage kaling	Min kW (HP)	Max kW (HP)	5ka RMS (AC)	100ka RMS (AC)					
	115V	0.37 (0.5)	1.1 (1.5)	J-Type fuses	J-Type fuses					
	230V	0.37 (0.5)	11 (15)	J-Type fuses	J-Type fuses					
	230V	15 (20)	18.5 (25)	J-Type fuses	Semiconductor fuse (FWP-100 Bussmann					
	400 / 460V	0.37 (0.5)	22 (30)	J-Type fuses	J-Type fuses					
	400 / 460V	30 (40)	37 (50)	J-Type fuses	Semiconductor fuse (FWP-100 Bussmann					
	stallation Requiremen		environments which meet	the condition limits shown	in section 9.1. Environment					
					in section 9.1. Environment					
	operated within an ambient tallation is required in a poll									
Frame size 4 driv	es must be mounted in an er nclosure impacted.			ected from 12.7mm (1/2	inch) of deformation of th					
	Illation Requirements									
Incoming power	supply connection must be a	according to section 4.3.	Incoming Power Conne	ction.						
Suitable Power a or other applicab	nd motor cables should be a local codes.	selected according to the	e data shown in section 9	9.2. Rating Tables and the	National Electrical Code					
Motor Cable	75°C copper stranded	or similar (90°C for encl	osed Nema 4X type driv	ves).						
Power cable con	nections and tightening torques are shown in sections 3.3. Mechanical Dimensions and Mounting – IP20 Open Units.									
	e short circuit protection do electrical code and any add				provided in accordance					
	ppression must be installed or over voltage category iii									
UL Listed ring tern	ninals / lugs must be used fo	or all bus bar and ground	ding connections.							
General Requ	irements									
	vides motor overload proted or thermistor is not fitted, or r									

4.8.2. Motor Thermistor Connection.

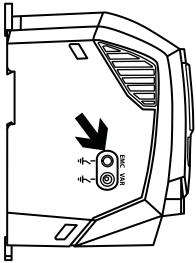
9.5. EMC Filter Disconnect

Drives with an EMC filter have an inherently higher leakage current to Ground (Earth). For applications where tripping occurs the EMC filter can be disconnected (on IP20 units only) by completely removing the EMC screw on the side of the product.

Remove the screw as indicated right.

The Optidrive product range has input supply voltage surge suppression components fitted to protect the drive from line voltage transients, typically originating from lightning strikes or switching of high power equipment on the same supply.

When carrying out a HiPot (Flash) test on an installation in which the drive is built, the voltage surge suppression components may cause the test to fail. To accommodate this type of system HiPot test, the voltage surge suppression components can be disconnected by removing the VAR screw After completing the HiPot test, the screw should be replaced and the HiPot test repeated. The test should then fail, indicating that the voltage surge suppression components are once again in circuit.



10. Troubleshooting

10.1. Fault Code Messages

Fault Code	No.	Description	Suggested Remedy
no-Fit	00	No Fault	Not required.
01-ь	01	Brake channel over current	Check external brake resistor condition and connection wiring.
OL-br	02	Brake resistor overload	The drive has tripped to prevent damage to the brake resistor.
0-1	03	Output Over Current	Instantaneous Over current on the drive output. Excess load or shock load on the motor.
			NOTE Following a trip, the drive cannot be immediately reset. A delay time is inbuilt, which allows the power components of the drive time to recover to avoid damage.
1_6-6-8	04	Motor Thermal Overload (12t)	The drive has tripped after delivering >100% of value in P-08 for a period of time to prevent damage to the motor.
0-uolt	06	Over voltage on DC bus	Check the supply voltage is within the allowed tolerance for the drive. If the fault occurs on deceleration or stopping, increase the deceleration time in P-04 or install a suitable brake resistor and activate the dynamic braking function with P-34.
U-uolt	07	Under voltage on DC bus	The incoming supply voltage is too low. This trip occurs routinely when power is removed from the drive. If it occurs during running, check the incoming power supply voltage and all components in the power feed line to the drive.
0-E	08	Heatsink over temperature	The drive is too hot. Check the ambient temperature around the drive is within the drive specification. Ensure sufficient cooling air is free to circulate around the drive.
U- E	09	Under temperature	Trip occurs when ambient temperature is less than - 10°C. Temperature must be raised over - 10°C in order to start the drive.
P-dEF	10	Factory Default parameters loaded	
E-Er iP	11	External trip	E-trip requested on digital input 3. Normally closed contact has opened for some reason. If motor thermistor is connected check if the motor is too hot.
50-065	12	Optibus comms loss	Check communication link between drive and external devices. Make sure each drive in the network has its unique address.
FLE-dc	13	DC bus ripple too high	Check incoming supply phases are all present and balanced.
P-1055	14	Input phase loss trip	Check incoming power supply phases are present and balanced.
h 0-1	15	Output Over Current	Check for short circuits on the motor and connection cable.
			NOTE Following a trip, the drive cannot be immediately reset. A delay time is inbuilt, which allows the power components of the drive time to recover to avoid damage.
£h-F∟£	16	Faulty thermistor on heatsink	
dAFA-E	17	Internal memory fault (IO)	Press the stop key. If the fault persists, consult you supplier.
4-20 F	18	4-20mA Signal Lost	Check the analog input connection(s).
dAFA-E	19	Internal memory fault (DSP)	Press the stop key. If the fault persists, consult you supplier.
F-PEc	21	Motor PTC thermistor trip	Connected motor thermistor over temperature, check wiring connections and motor.
FAn-F	22	Cooling Fan Fault (IP66 only)	Check / replace the cooling fan.
0-hEAE	23	Drive internal temperature too high	Drive ambient temperature too high, check adequate cooling air is provided.
DUE-F	26	Output Fault	Indicates a fault on the output of the drive, such as one phase missing, motor phase currents not balanced. Check the motor and connections.
AFE-05	41	Autotune Fault	The motor parameters measured through the autotune are not correct. Check the motor cable and connections for continuity. Check all three phases of the motor are present and balanced.
5C-FO I	50	Modbus comms loss fault	Check the incoming Modbus RTU connection cable. Check that at least one register is being polled cyclically within the timeout limit set in P-36 Index 3.
5C-F02	51	CAN comms loss trip	Check the incoming CAN connection cable. Check that cyclic communications take place within the timeout limit set in P-36 Index 3.

NOTE Following an over current or overload trip (3, 4, 5, 15), the drive may not be reset until the reset time delay has elapsed to prevent damage to the drive.



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